Coastal Erosion Hazards
- Sandstone member of Monterey Formation: Most resistant bluff-forming unit. Prone to landsliding or mass wasting where undercut by wave action, especially at points. Fails as large blocks.
- Siltstone member of Monterey formation: Very fissile and fractured; tends to form an apron of talus at the base of slopes.
- Pleistocene marine terrace deposits: Prone to landsliding along steep cuts (i.e., Highway 1), and to erosion by rilling and gullying along blufftops.

Tsunami Inundation at Extreme High Tide
- 100-year Zone (Inundation Elevation=13.64 feet)
- 500-year Zone (Inundation Elevation=15.24 feet)