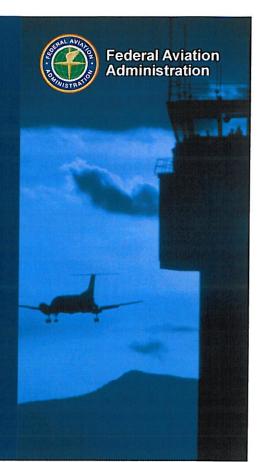
# John Wayne Airport Departure Procedures



Presented to: Bill Withycombe

By: Western Service Center Operations Support Group

Date: February 2012

### STREL vs. MUSEL Departures

- 3/10/2011: STREL departure procedure implemented after extensive collaboration
- STREL is pilot navigated route, compared to ATC radar vector path of MUSEL
- Pilot navigated routes can follow ground paths more precisely than radar vectors
- More precise route guidance can keep flights over ground paths that are designed to minimize perceived surface noise



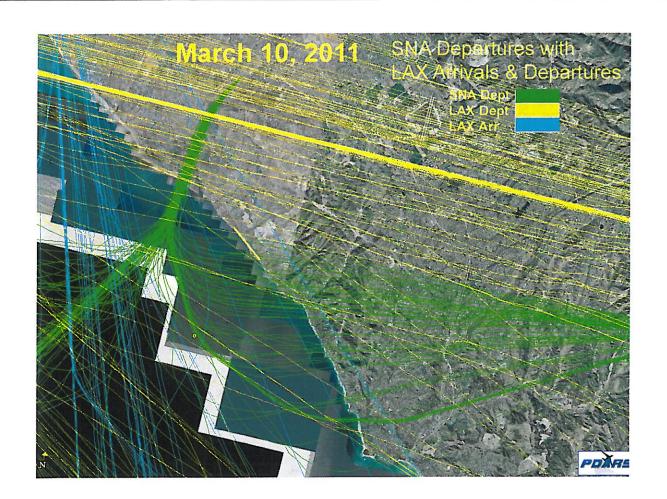
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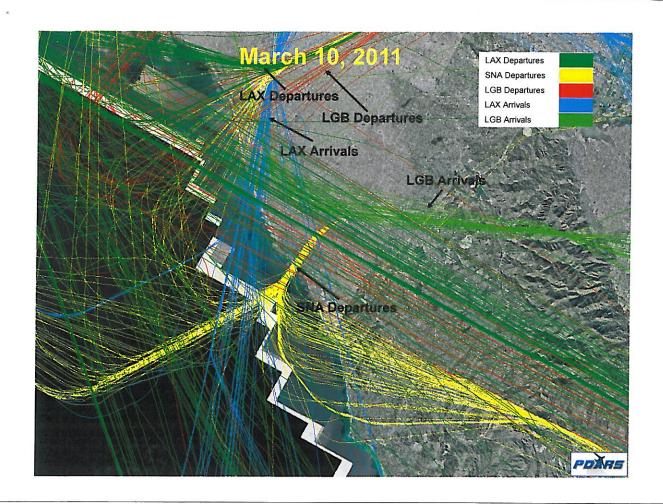
- January 2012 traffic was analyzed to determine if STREL route was working as designed
- Analysis accomplished using Performance Data Analysis and Reporting System (PDARS)
- Aircraft flight data was retrieved from Southern California TRACON (SCT)
- Only jet departure traffic was analyzed

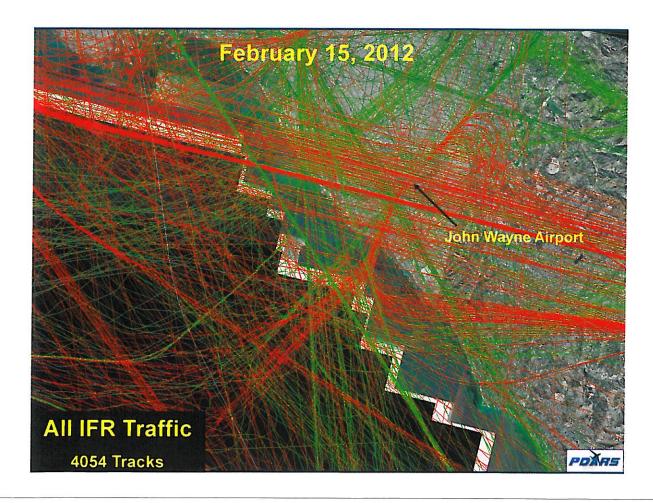
John Wayne International Airport Departure Procedures February 2012

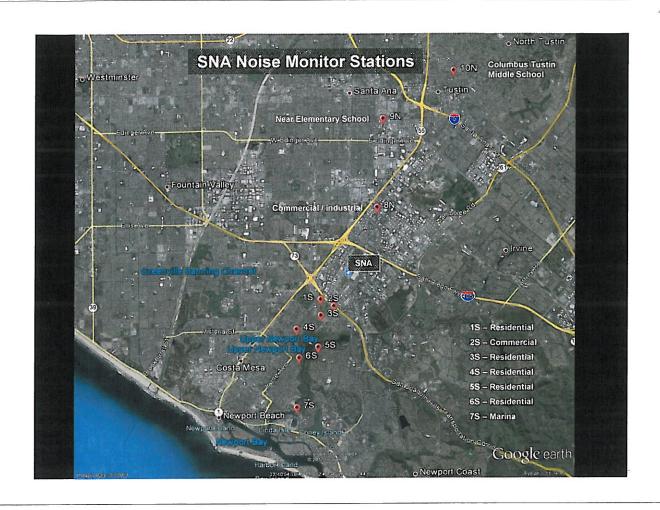


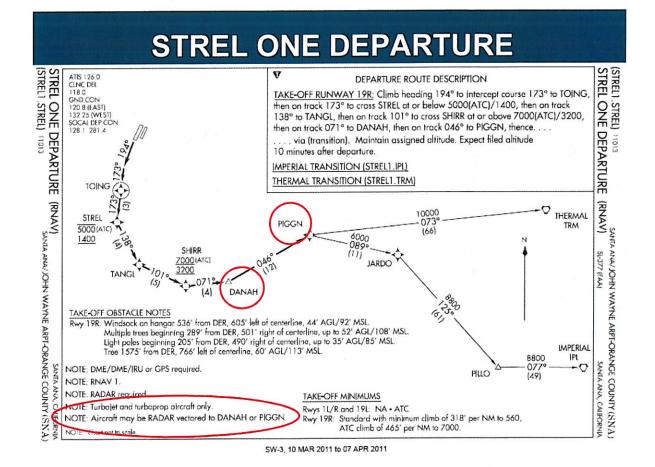
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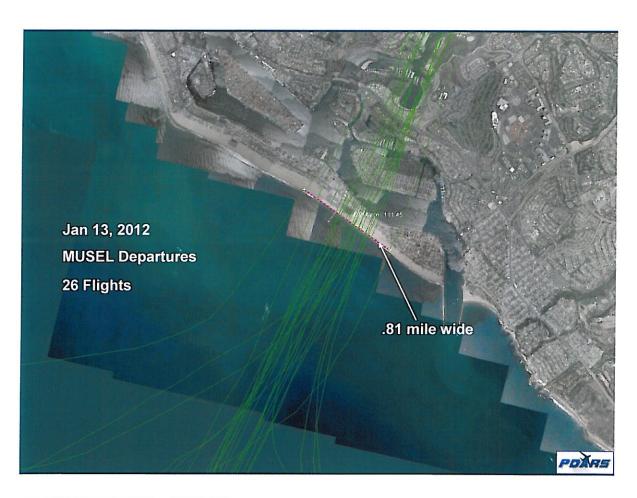


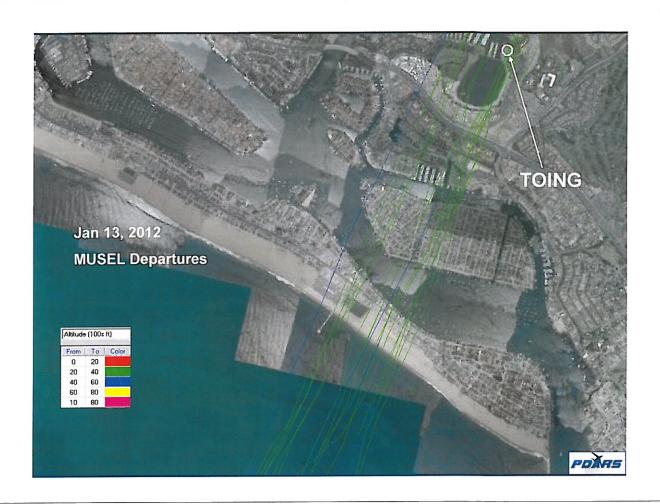




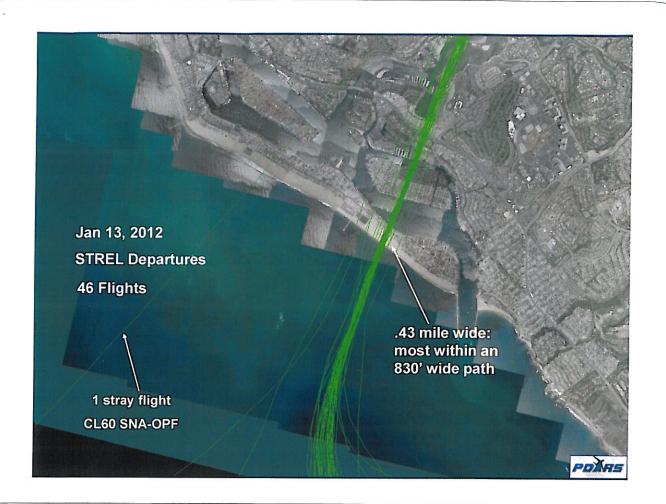


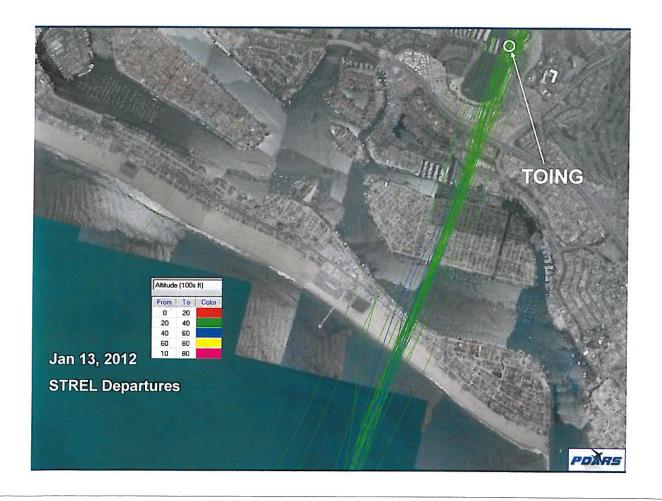


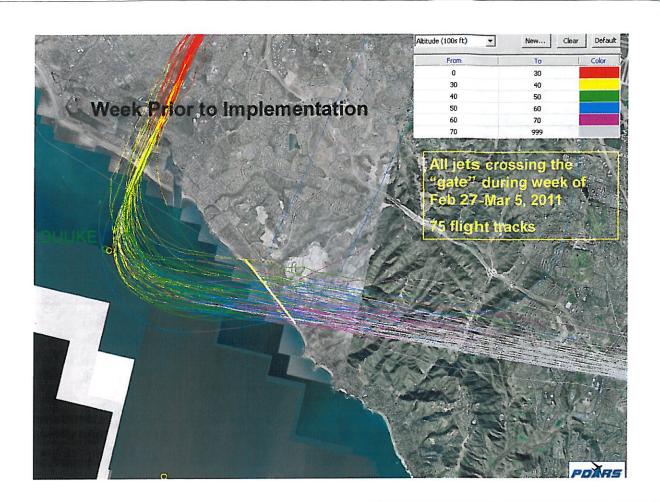


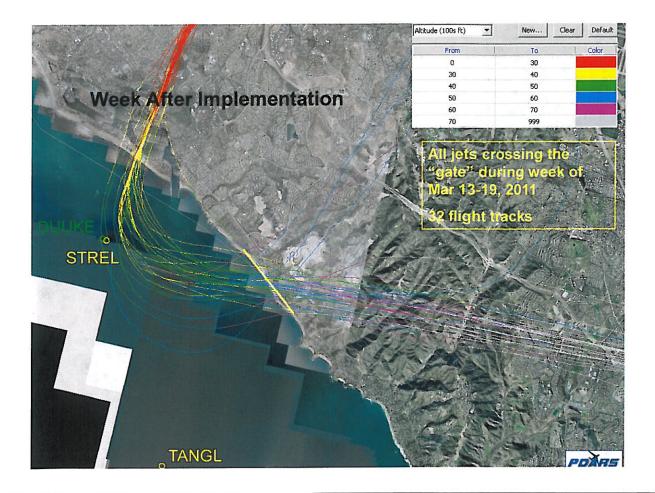












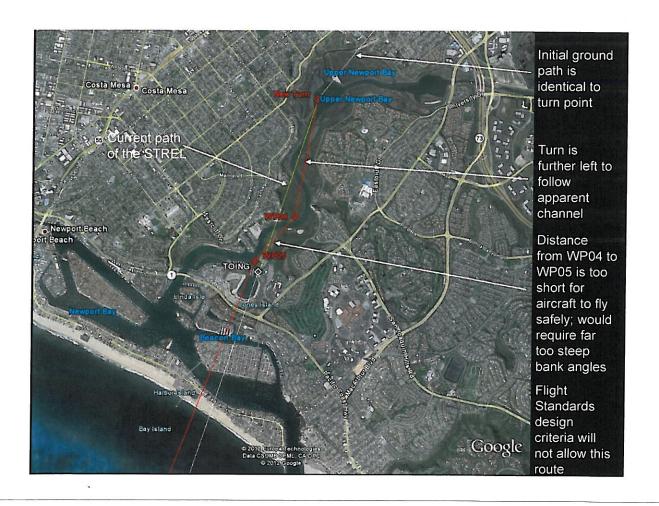
#### **Alternate Route Possible?**

- FAA was asked to look at possibility of modifying STREL departure slightly to more closely follow Newport Bay waterway and avoid overflying populated areas as much as possible
- The following slide shows what such a ground path might look like

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## Letter from SNA Airport Director to FAA Western Pacific Administrator requesting fix be placed over NMS 7S

William C. Withycombe July 12, 2010 Page 2

We believe that the aircraft systems anticipate this early turn and, based on high resolution ADS-B tracking, it appears the aircraft are making a slight right turn to get back on the proper track. By the time aircraft reach the Airport's Noise Monitoring Station #7 (NMS7S) at Newport Dunes, they have returned to the desired track.

FAA has advised that, to correct the eastward shift in flight tracks, the STREL ONE includes a shift in the existing DUUKE waypoint west to a new location which would, theoretically, result in a delay in the turn and movement of aircraft operations more to the center of the Bay. However, it appears that STREL ONE maintains the same heading as DUUKE ONE and DUUKE TWO, but on a parallel course west of the original course. We are concerned that this combination of a new waypoint to the west and the use of the same course will result in a shift of aircraft toward the center of the upper Bay (between NMS4S and NMSSS), but will also move aircraft west of the traditional SID in the lower Bay (near NMS6S) and adversely impact communities in that location.

Dr. Clarke and Mr. Mestre have recommended, and we concur, that FAA consider: (1) retaining the turn location proposed in the STREL ONE; (2) establishing a new waxpoint at MMS75; and (3) moving the DUUKE waypoint to the east. Based on their preliminary analysis, it appears that a 1730 heading, based on a waypoint at NMS75, would create a turn point where the STREL ONE turn point is currently planned. Assuming aircraft would continue to turn early, as they have with the DUUKE procedures, the track should follow the middle of the Bay and cross over NMS7S. From this point, aircraft would make slight right turn to continue on to the existing DUUKE. We are aware, however, that some carrier representatives have expressed concern about unnecessary turns that result in both discomfort to passengers and additional expense to the air carriers due to fuel burn. The creation of a second new waypoint about 300 feet east of DUUKE could keep aircraft on a straight line from the turn over NMS7S and out to the new waypoint and would allow carriers to fly a more direct route to the east.

Based on our experience with the DUUKE procedures, we recognize that the RNAV design and simulation process does not always provide an accurate picture of where aircraft will fly once a new procedure is used in day-to-day operations. As a result, we recommend that FAA work with JWA's existing carriers to conduct test flights with the new STREL ONE before the procedure is published. In order to provide the best tracking data, it would be advantageous to have ADS-B equipped aircraft perform the test flights. These flights would allow FAA, JWA, the carriers and the Newport Beach community to better understand whether the STREL ONE will, in fact, perform as intended.

Page two of a four page document

#### STREL-MUSEL Observations

- Almost twice the number of flights use STREL compared to MUSEL
  - Jan 9-13/2012 (Mon-Fri): 828 SNA departures, 233 STREL, 124 MUSEL
- · Flights using STREL maintain a more precise ground path
- The "window" as flights cross the shoreline is far smaller for STREL departures, with most inside an 830' area vs. over ¾ mile by MUSEL departures
- If the TOING waypoint was moved in any direction it would result in more flights over land instead of remaining over Upper Newport Bay waterway
- The location of TOING (over Noise Monitor 7) was decided by collaborative effort with the SNA airport authority

