Appendices

Appendix G Noise Impact Analysis

Appendices

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1401 Quail Street Residential Apartments

NOISE IMPACT ANALYSIS CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH

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LIST OF ABBREVIATED TERMS

| (1) | Reference |
|------------------|---|
| ADT | Average Daily Traffic |
| ANSI | American National Standards Institute |
| Calveno | California Vehicle Noise |
| CEQA | California Environmental Quality Act |
| CNEL | Community Noise Equivalent Level |
| dBA | A-weighted decibels |
| FHWA | Federal Highway Administration |
| FTA | Federal Transit Administration |
| INCE | Institute of Noise Control Engineering |
| L _{eq} | Equivalent continuous (average) sound level |
| L _{max} | Maximum level measured over the time interval |
| L _{min} | Minimum level measured over the time interval |
| mph | Miles per hour |
| PPV | Peak Particle Velocity |
| Project | 1401 Quail Street Residential Apartments |
| REMEL | Reference Energy Mean Emission Level |
| RMS | Root-mean-square |
| VdB | Vibration Decibels |
| | |



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Urban Crossroads, Inc. has prepared this noise study to determine the potential noise impacts and the necessary noise mitigation measures, if any, for the proposed 1401 Quail Street Residential Apartments ("Project"). The Project site is a 1.71-acre site located at 1401 Quail Street in Newport Beach (APN 427-332-04). The property is at the southwest corner of Quail Street and Spruce Avenue and currently has a single-story commercial office building totaling approximately 22,536 square feet.

The Project would develop 78 multifamily residential units, including a 50 percent density bonus request, of which 62 units would be market rate and 16 units are affordable housing units.

The results of this 1401 Quail Street Residential Apartments Noise Impact Analysis are summarized below based on the significance criteria in Section 4 of this report consistent with Appendix G of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. (1) Table ES-1 shows the findings of significance for each potential noise and/or vibration impact under CEQA. All impacts are considered less than significant without mitigation.

| Anchusia | Report | Significance Findings | | |
|------------------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------|--|
| Analysis | Section | Unmitigated | Mitigated | |
| Off-Site Traffic Noise | 5 | Less Than Significant | - | |
| Operational Noise | 7 | Less Than Significant | - | |
| Construction Noise | 0 | Less Than Significant | - | |
| Construction Vibration | - 8 | Less Than Significant | - | |
| Airport Exposure | 9 | Less Than Significant | - | |

TABLE ES-1: SUMMARY OF CEQA SIGNIFICANCE FINDINGS



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1 INTRODUCTION

This noise analysis has been completed to determine the noise impacts associated with the development of the proposed 1401 Quail Street Residential Apartments ("Project"). This noise study briefly describes the proposed Project, provides information regarding noise fundamentals, describes the local regulatory setting, provides the study methods and procedures for an analysis of the potential Project-related long-term operational noise and short-term construction noise and vibration impacts.

1.1 SITE LOCATION

The Project is a 1.71-acre site located at 1401 Quail Street in Newport Beach (APN 427-332-04), as shown on Exhibit 1-A. The property is at the northwest corner of Quail Street and Spruce Avenue and currently has a single-story commercial office building totaling approximately 22,536 square feet. Surrounding land uses include miscellaneous commercial uses, including retail, office, banks, service uses, medical offices, and restaurants.

1.2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Project would develop 78 multifamily residential units, including a 50 percent density bonus request, of which 62 units would be market rate and 16 units are affordable housing units.



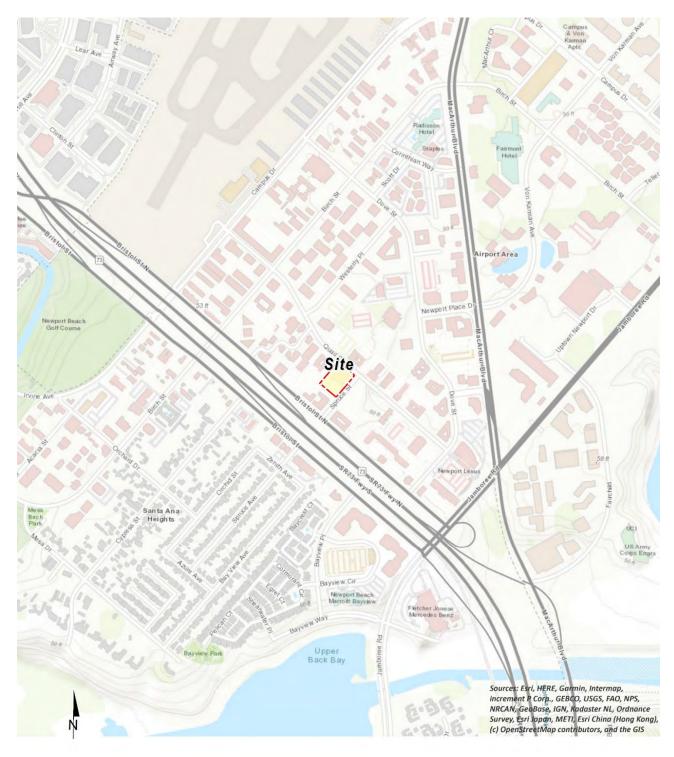
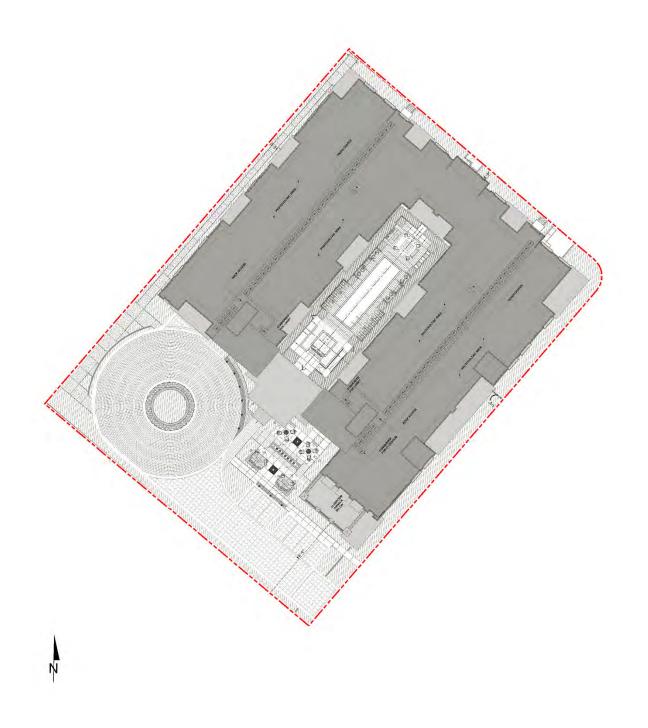


EXHIBIT 1-A: LOCATION MAP



EXHIBIT 1-B: SITE PLAN





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2 FUNDAMENTALS

Noise is simply defined as "unwanted sound." Sound becomes unwanted when it interferes with normal activities, when it causes actual physical harm or when it has adverse effects on health. Noise is measured on a logarithmic scale of sound pressure level known as a decibel (dB). A-weighted decibels (dBA) approximate the subjective response of the human ear to broad frequency noise source by discriminating against very low and very high frequencies of the audible spectrum. They are adjusted to reflect only those frequencies which are audible to the human ear. Exhibit 2-A presents a summary of the typical noise levels and their subjective loudness and effects that are described in more detail below.

| COMMON OUTDOOR ACTIVITIES | COMMON INDOOR ACTIVITIES | A - WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL dBA | SUBJECTIVE LOUDNESS | EFFECTS OF NOISE | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| THRESHOLD OF PAIN | | 140 | | | |
| NEAR JET ENGINE | | 130 | INTOLERABLE OR | | |
| | | 120 | DEAFENING | HEARING LOSS | |
| JET FLY-OVER AT 300m (1000 ft) | ROCK BAND | 110 | | | |
| LOUD AUTO HORN | | 100 | | SPEECH INTERFERENCE | |
| GAS LAWN MOWER AT 1m (3 ft) | | 90 | VERY NOISY | | |
| DIESEL TRUCK AT 15m (50 ft), at 80 km/hr (50 mph) | FOOD BLENDER AT 1m (3 ft) | 80 | PERT HOIST | | |
| NOISY URBAN AREA, DAYTIME | VACUUM CLEANER AT 3m (10 ft) | 70 | LOUD | | |
| HEAVY TRAFFIC AT 90m (300 ft) | NORMAL SPEECH AT 1m (3 ft) | 60 | LOOD | | |
| QUIET URBAN DAYTIME | LARGE BUSINESS OFFICE | 50 | MODERATE | MODERATE | |
| QUIET URBAN NIGHTTIME | THEATER, LARGE CONFERENCE ROOM (BACKGROUND) | 40 | | SLEEP DISTURBANCE | |
| QUIET SUBURBAN NIGHTTIME | LIBRARY | 30 | | | |
| QUIET RURAL NIGHTTIME | BEDROOM AT NIGHT, CONCERT HALL (BACKGROUND) | 20 | FAINT | | |
| | BROADCAST/RECORDING STUDIO | 10 | VERY FAINT | NO EFFECT | |
| LOWEST THRESHOLD OF HUMAN HEARING | LOWEST THRESHOLD OF HUMAN HEARING | 0 | VENT PAINI | | |

EXHIBIT 2-A: TYPICAL NOISE LEVELS

2.1 RANGE OF NOISE

Since the range of intensities that the human ear can detect is so large, the scale frequently used to measure intensity is a scale based on multiples of 10, the logarithmic scale. The scale for measuring intensity is the decibel scale. Each interval of 10 decibels indicates a sound energy ten times greater than before, which is perceived by the human ear as being roughly twice as loud. (2) The most common sounds vary between 40 dBA (very quiet) to 100 dBA (very loud). Normal conversation at three feet is roughly at 60 dBA, while loud jet engine noises equate to 110 dBA at approximately 100 feet, which can cause serious discomfort. (3) Another important aspect of noise is the duration of the sound and the way it is described and distributed in time.

2.2 NOISE DESCRIPTORS

Environmental noise descriptors are generally based on averages, rather than instantaneous, noise levels. The most used figure is the equivalent level (L_{eq}). Equivalent sound levels are not measured directly but are calculated from sound pressure levels typically measured in A-weighted decibels (dBA). The equivalent sound level (L_{eq}) represents a steady state sound level containing the same total energy as a time varying signal over a given sample period and is commonly used to describe the "average" noise levels within the environment.

Peak hour or average noise levels, while useful, do not completely describe a given noise environment. Noise levels lower than peak hour may be disturbing if they occur during times when quiet is most desirable, namely evening and nighttime (sleeping) hours. To account for this, the Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL), representing a composite 24-hour noise level is utilized. The CNEL is the weighted average of the intensity of a sound, with corrections for time of day, and averaged over 24 hours. The time-of-day corrections require the addition of 5 decibels to dBA L_{eq} sound levels in the evening from 7:00 p.m. to 10:00 p.m., and the addition of 10 decibels to dBA L_{eq} sound levels at night between 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. These additions are made to account for the noise sensitive time periods during the evening and night hours when sound appears louder. CNEL does not represent the actual sound level heard at any time, but rather represents the total sound exposure. The City of Newport Beach relies on the 24-hour CNEL level to assess land use compatibility with transportation related noise sources.

2.3 SOUND PROPAGATION

When sound propagates over a distance, it changes in level and frequency content. The way noise reduces with distance depends on the following factors.

2.3.1 GEOMETRIC SPREADING

Sound from a localized source (i.e., a stationary point source) propagates uniformly outward in a spherical pattern. The sound level attenuates (or decreases) at a rate of 6 dB for each doubling of distance from a point source. Highways consist of several localized noise sources on a defined path and hence can be treated as a line source, which approximates the effect of several point sources. Noise from a line source propagates outward in a cylindrical pattern, often referred to as cylindrical spreading. Sound levels attenuate at a rate of 3 dB for each doubling of distance from a line source. (2)

2.3.2 GROUND ABSORPTION

The propagation path of noise from a highway to a receiver is usually very close to the ground. Noise attenuation from ground absorption and reflective wave canceling adds to the attenuation associated with geometric spreading. Traditionally, the excess attenuation has also been expressed in terms of attenuation per doubling of distance. This approximation is usually sufficiently accurate for distances of less than 200 ft. For acoustically hard sites (i.e., sites with a reflective surface between the source and the receiver, such as a parking lot or body of water), no excess ground attenuation is assumed. For acoustically absorptive or soft sites (i.e., those

sites with an absorptive ground surface between the source and the receiver such as soft dirt, grass, or scattered bushes and trees), an excess ground attenuation value of 1.5 dB per doubling of distance is normally assumed. When added to the cylindrical spreading, the excess ground attenuation results in an overall drop-off rate of 4.5 dB per doubling of distance from a line source. (4)

2.3.3 ATMOSPHERIC EFFECTS

Receivers located downwind from a source can be exposed to increased noise levels relative to calm conditions, whereas locations upwind can have lowered noise levels. Sound levels can be increased at large distances (e.g., more than 500 feet) due to atmospheric temperature inversion (i.e., increasing temperature with elevation). Other factors such as air temperature, humidity, and turbulence can also have significant effects. (2)

2.3.4 SHIELDING

A large object or barrier in the path between a noise source and a receiver can substantially attenuate noise levels at the receiver. The amount of attenuation provided by shielding depends on the size of the object and the frequency content of the noise source. Shielding by trees and other such vegetation typically only has an "out of sight, out of mind" effect. That is, the perception of noise impact tends to decrease when vegetation blocks the line-of-sight to nearest residents. However, for vegetation to provide a substantial, or even noticeable, noise reduction, the vegetation area must be at least 15 feet in height, 100 feet wide and dense enough to completely obstruct the line-of sight between the source and the receiver. This size of vegetation may provide up to 5 dBA of noise reduction. The FHWA does not consider the planting of vegetation to be a noise abatement measure. (4)

2.4 NOISE CONTROL

Noise control is the process of obtaining an acceptable noise environment for an observation point or receiver by controlling the noise source, transmission path, receiver, or all three. This concept is known as the source-path-receiver concept. In general, noise control measures can be applied to these three elements.

2.5 Noise Barrier Attenuation

Effective noise barriers can reduce noise levels by up to 10 to 15 dBA, cutting the loudness of traffic noise in half. A noise barrier is most effective when placed close to the noise source or receiver. Noise barriers, however, do have limitations. For a noise barrier to work, it must be high enough and long enough to block the path of the noise source. (4)

2.6 LAND USE COMPATIBILITY WITH NOISE

Some land uses are more tolerant of noise than others. For example, schools, hospitals, churches, and residences are more sensitive to noise intrusion than are commercial or industrial developments and related activities. As ambient noise levels affect the perceived amenity or



livability of a development, so too can the mismanagement of noise impacts impair the economic health and growth potential of a community by reducing the area's desirability as a place to live, shop and work. For this reason, land use compatibility with the noise environment is an important consideration in the planning and design process. The FHWA encourages State and Local government to regulate land development in such a way that noise-sensitive land uses are either prohibited from being located adjacent to a highway, or that the developments are planned, designed, and constructed in such a way that noise impacts to sensitive land uses are minimized. (5)

2.7 COMMUNITY RESPONSE TO NOISE

Community responses to noise may range from registering a complaint by telephone or letter, to initiating court action, depending upon everyone's susceptibility to noise and personal attitudes about noise. Several factors are related to the level of community annoyance including:

- Fear associated with noise producing activities;
- Socio-economic status and educational level;
- Perception that those affected are being unfairly treated;
- Attitudes regarding the usefulness of the noise-producing activity;
- Belief that the noise source can be controlled.

Approximately ten percent of the population has a very low tolerance for noise and will object to any noise not of their making. Consequently, even in the quietest environment, some complaints will occur. Twenty-five percent of the population will not complain even in very severe noise environments. Thus, a variety of reactions can be expected from people exposed to any given noise environment. (6) Surveys have shown that about ten percent of the people exposed to traffic noise of 60 dBA will report being highly annoyed with the noise, and each increase of one dBA is associated with approximately two percent more people being highly annoyed. When traffic noise exceeds 60 dBA or aircraft noise exceeds 55 dBA, people may begin to complain. (6) Despite this variability in behavior on an individual level, the population can be expected to exhibit the following responses to changes in noise levels as shown on Exhibit 2-B. A change of 3 dBA are considered *barely perceptible*, and changes of 5 dBA are considered *readily perceptible*. (4)



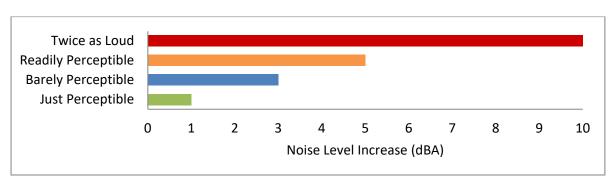


EXHIBIT 2-B: NOISE LEVEL INCREASE PERCEPTION

2.8 VIBRATION

2.8 VIBRATION

Per the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual*, vibration is the periodic oscillation of a medium or object. The rumbling sound caused by the vibration of room surfaces is called structure-borne noise. Sources of ground-borne vibrations include natural phenomena (e.g., earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, sea waves, landslides) or human-made causes (e.g., explosions, machinery, traffic, trains, construction equipment). Vibration sources may be continuous, such as factory machinery, or transient, such as explosions. As is the case with airborne sound, ground-borne vibrations may be described by amplitude and frequency.

Additionally, in contrast to airborne noise, ground-borne vibration outdoors is not a common environmental problem and annoyance from ground-borne vibration is almost exclusively an indoor phenomenon (7). Therefore, the effects of vibrations should only be evaluated at a structure and the effects of the building structure on the vibration should be considered. Woodframe buildings, such as typical residential structures, are more easily excited by ground vibration than heavier buildings. In contrast, large masonry buildings with spread footings have a low response to ground vibration (7). In general, the heavier a building is, the lower the response will be to the incident vibration energy. However, all structurers reduce vibration levels due to the coupling of the building to the soil.

There are several different methods that are used to quantify vibration. The peak particle velocity (PPV) is defined as the maximum instantaneous peak of the vibration signal (7). The PPV is most frequently used to describe vibration impacts to buildings but is not always suitable for evaluating human response (annoyance) because it takes some time for the human body to respond to vibration signals. Instead, the human body responds to average vibration amplitude often described as the root mean square (RMS). The RMS amplitude is defined as the average of the squared amplitude of the signal and is most frequently used to describe the effect of vibration on the human body (7). However, the RMS amplitude and PPV are related mathematically, and the RMS amplitude of equipment is typically calculated from the PPV reference level. The RMS amplitude is approximately 70% of the PPV (8). Thus, either can be used on the description of vibration impacts.

While not universally accepted, vibration decibel notation (VdB) is another vibration notation developed and used by the FTA in their guidance manual to describe vibration levels and provide a background of common vibration levels and set vibration limits (9). Decibel notation (VdB) serves to reduce the range of numbers used to describe vibration levels and is used in this report to describe vibration levels.

As stated in the FTA guidance manual, the background vibration-velocity level in residential areas is generally 50 VdB. Ground-borne vibration is normally perceptible to humans at approximately 65 VdB. For most people, a vibration-velocity level of 75 VdB is the approximate dividing line between barely perceptible and distinctly perceptible levels. Typical outdoor sources of perceptible ground-borne vibration are construction equipment, steel-wheeled trains, and traffic on rough roads. If a roadway is smooth, the ground-borne vibration is rarely perceptible. The range of interest is from approximately 50 VdB, which is the typical background vibration-velocity level, to 100 VdB, which is the general threshold where minor damage can occur in fragile buildings. Exhibit 2-C illustrates common vibration sources and the human and structural response to ground-borne vibration.



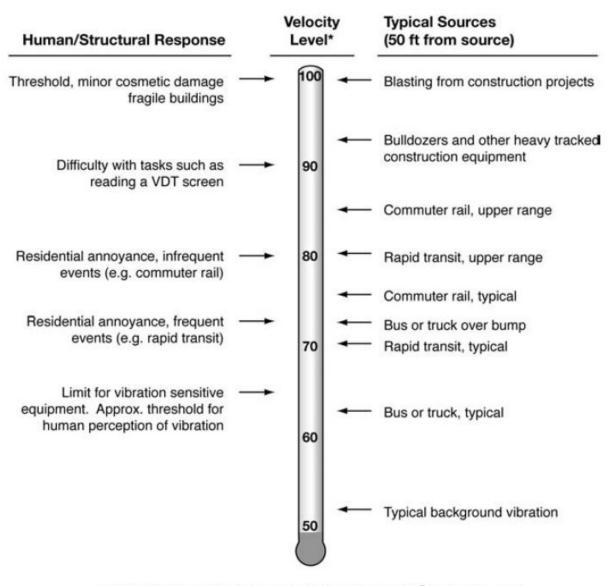


EXHIBIT 2-C: TYPICAL LEVELS OF GROUND-BORNE VIBRATION

* RMS Vibration Velocity Level in VdB relative to 10⁻⁶ inches/second

Source: Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual.



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3 REGULATORY SETTING

To limit population exposure to physically and/or psychologically damaging as well as intrusive noise levels, the federal government, the State of California, various City governments, and most municipalities in the state have established standards and ordinances to control noise. In most areas, automobile and truck traffic is the major source of environmental noise. Traffic activity generally produces an average sound level that remains constant with time. Air and rail traffic, and commercial and industrial activities are also major sources of noise in some areas. Federal, state, and local agencies regulate different aspects of environmental noise. Federal and state agencies generally set noise standards for mobile sources such as aircraft and motor vehicles, while regulation of stationary sources is generally left to by local agencies.

3.1 STATE OF CALIFORNIA NOISE REQUIREMENTS

The State of California regulates freeway noise, sets standards for sound transmission, provides occupational noise control criteria, identifies noise standards, and provides guidance for local land use compatibility. State law requires that each County and City adopt a General Plan that includes a Noise Element which is to be prepared per guidelines adopted by the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR). (10) The purpose of the Noise Element is to *limit the exposure of the community to excessive noise levels*. In addition, the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires that all known environmental effects of a project be analyzed, including environmental noise impacts.

3.2 STATE OF CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE

The State of California's noise insulation standards are codified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 24, Building Standards Administrative Code, Part 2, and the California Building Code. These noise standards are applied to new construction in California for the purpose of controlling interior noise levels resulting from exterior noise sources. The regulations specify that acoustical studies must be prepared when noise-sensitive structures, such as residential buildings, schools, or hospitals, are developed near major transportation noise sources, and where such noise sources create an exterior noise level of 60 dBA CNEL or higher. Acoustical studies that accompany building plans for noise-sensitive land uses must demonstrate that the structure has been designed to limit interior noise in habitable rooms to acceptable noise levels. For new residential buildings, schools, and hospitals, the acceptable interior noise limit for new construction is 45 dBA CNEL. The Project is required to comply with this standard by State law and the City verifies compliance during the plan check process as ministerial process.

3.3 CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH GENERAL PLAN NOISE ELEMENT

The City of Newport Beach has adopted a Noise Element of the General Plan to control noise in the planning process in order to maintain compatible land use with environmental noise levels and to ensure that Newport Beach residents will be protected from excessive noise intrusion. (11)



3.3.1 NOISE POLICIES

To protect City of Newport Beach residents from excessive noise, the Noise Element contains the following policies related to the Project.

Noise and Land Use Compatibility

- N 1.1 <u>Noise Compatibility of New Development:</u> Require that all proposed projects are compatible with the noise environment through use of Table N2 and enforce the interior and exterior noise standards shown in Table N3.
- N 1.2 <u>Noise Exposure Verification for New Development:</u> Applicants for proposed residential or mixed-use projects located in areas projected to be exposed to 65-70 CNEL, as shown on Figure N5 must conduct a noise study to provide evidence that the depicted noise contours do not adequately account for local noise exposure circumstances due to such factors as, topography, variation in traffic speeds, and other applicable conditions. These findings shall be used to determine the level of exterior or interior noise attenuation needed to attain an acceptable noise exposure level and the feasibility of such measures when other planning considerations are taken into account, consistect with Title 21 of the California Code of Regulations. (Imp 2.1)
- N 1.4 <u>New Developments in Urban Areas</u>: Require that applicants of residential portions of mixed-use projects and high density residential developments in urban areas (such as the Airport Area and Newport Center) demonstrate that the design of the structure will adequately isolate noise between adjacent uses and units (common floor/ceilings) in accordance with the California Building Code. (Imp 7.1)
- N 1.5 <u>Infill Projects:</u> Allow a higher (above 65 CNEL) exterior noise level standard for infill projects in existing residential areas adjacent to major arterials if it can be shown that there are no feasible mechanisms to meet the exterior noise levels. The interior standard of 45 dBA CNEL shall be enforced for any new residential project or mixed-use project containing a residential component consistent with Title 21 of the California Code of Regulations. (Imp 2.1, 7.1)

N1.5A Airport Area Infill Projects:

Allow infill residential projects proximate to John Wayne Airport to have a higher exterior noise level standard (65-70 dBA CNEL) if it can be shown that there are no practical mechanisms or designs to meet the exterior noise levels. The interior standard of 45 dBA CNEL shall be enforced for any residential component of projects. No residential units may be located on parcels wholly within the John Wayne Airport 65 dBA CNEL noise contour area as shown in Figure N5, of the Noise Element of the General Plan, unless and until the City determines, based on substantial evidence, that the sites wholly within such contour area are needed for the City to satisfy its Sixth Cycle RHNA mandate. Nonresidential uses are encouraged on parcels located wholly within the 65 dBA CNEL contour area, shown in



Figure N5.

N 1.8 <u>Significant Noise Impacts:</u> Require the employment of noise mitigation measures for existing sensitive uses when a significant noise impact is identified. A significant noise impact occurs when there is an increase in the ambient CNEL produced by new development impacting existing sensitive uses. The CNEL increase is shown in the table below.

| CNEL (dBA) | dBA increase |
|------------|--|
| 55 | 3 |
| 60 | 2 |
| 65 | 1 |
| 70 | 1 |
| Over 75 | Any increase is considered significant |

Transportation-Related Noise

- N 2.1 <u>New Development</u>: Require that proposed noise-sensitive uses in areas of 60 dBA and greater, as determined the analyses stipulated by Policy N1.1, demonstrate that they meet interior and exterior noise levels.
- N 2.2 <u>Design of Sensitive Land Uses</u>: Require the use of walls, berms, interior noise insulation, double-paned windows, advanced insulation systems, or other noise mitigation measures, as appropriate, in the design of new residential developments to attenuate noise levels to not exceed 45 dBA CNEL interior. Other new noise sensitive land uses that are adjacent to major roads arterials and located proximate to John Wayne Airport (e.g., infill residential) and within the 65-70 dBA CNEL noise contour area are required to be indoor-oriented to reduce noise impacts on outdoor living or recreational areas. Application of the Noise Standards in Table N2 shall govern this requirement. (Imp 7.1)

Aircraft Noise

- N 3.1 <u>New Development</u>: Ensure new development is compatible with the noise environment proximate to John Wayne Airport by not allowing residential units on parcels located wholly within the John Wayne Airport 65 dBA CNEL noise contour, as shown in Figure N5 of the Noise Element of the General Plan, unless and until the City determines, based on substantial evidence, that the sites wholly within such contour area are needed for the City to satisfy its Sixth Cycle RHNA mandate.
- N 3.2 <u>Residential Development</u>: Require that residential development proximate to the John Wayne Airport shall not be located on parcels wholly within the John Wayne Airport 65 dBA CNEL noise contour shown in Figure N5 of the Noise Element of the General Plan, unless and until the City determines, based on substantial evidence, that the sites wholly within such contour area are needed for the City to satisfy its Sixth Cycle RHNA mandate.. Require developers of residential or mixed-use land uses with a residential component to notify prospective purchasers or tenants of aircraft noise. Additionally, require outdoor common areas or recreational areas of residential or mixed-used developments to be posted with signs notifying users regarding the proximity to John Wayne Airport and the presence of operating aircraft and noise. (Imp 2.1, 3.1, 4.1)

Nontransportation-Related Noise

N 4.1 <u>Stationary Noise Sources</u>: Enforce interior and exterior noise standards outlined in Table N3, and in the City's Municipal Code to ensure that sensitive noise receptors are not



exposed to excessive noise levels from stationary noise sources, such as heating, ventilation, and air conditioning equipment.

N 4.6 <u>Maintenance or Construction Activities</u>: Enforce the Noise Ordinance noise limits and limits on hours of maintenance or construction activity in or adjacent to residential areas, including noise that results from in-home hobby or work-related activities.

Construction Noise

N 5.1 *Limiting Hours of Activity*: Enforce the limits on hours of construction activity.

3.3.2 LAND USE COMPATIBILITY

The noise criteria identified in the City of Newport Beach Noise Element (Table N2) are guidelines to evaluate the land use compatibility of transportation related noise. The compatibility criteria, shown on Exhibit 3-A, provides the City with a planning tool to gauge the compatibility of land uses relative to existing and future exterior noise levels and prevent noise/land use conflicts. The *Land Use Noise Compatibility Matrix* in the City of Newport Beach General Plan provides guidelines to evaluate the acceptability of transportation-related noise level impacts.

3.4 CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH STATIONARY (NON-TRANSPORTATION) NOISE STANDARDS

In addition to the noise/land use compatibility guidelines contained in the General Plan Noise Element, the City of Newport Beach has adopted Community Noise Control policies and standards as part of its Municipal Code to limit unnecessary, excessive and annoying noise in the City. To analyze noise impacts originating from a designated fixed location or private property such as the 1401 Quail Street Residential Apartments Project, stationary-source noise such as the expected roof-top mechanical, outdoor activity, pool activity, and parking lot activity and noise from construction activities are typically evaluated against standards established under the City's Municipal Code.

The Project's residential uses are considered *normally compatible* with exterior noise levels below 65 dBA CNEL. For *normally compatible* uses, new construction or development should be undertaken only after detailed analysis of the noise reduction requirements are made and needed noise insulation feature in the design are determined. Conventional construction, with closed windows and fresh air supply systems or air conditioning, will normally suffice.

In addition, the City of Newport Beach Noise Element indicates that while California requires that interior noise levels in multi-family residential uses not exceed 45 LDN (day-night noise level); it is commonly used as an interior standard for all residential uses, but is not required under the California Administrative Code, Title 24, and Part 2. This is consistent the City of Newport Beach Noise Element Policy N 1.5 that requires an interior noise standard of 45 dBA CNEL.



| | Land Use Categories | Com | nunity | Noise | Equivo | alent Le | evel ((| CNEL) |
|---|--|-----|--------|-------|--------|----------|---------|-------|
| Categories | Uses | <55 | 55-60 | 60-65 | 65-70 | 70–75 | 75-80 | >80 |
| Residential | Single Family, Two Family, Multiple Family | Α | Α | В | С | С | D | D |
| Residential | Mixed Use | Α | Α | Α | С | С | С | D |
| Residential | Mobile Home | Α | Α | В | С | С | D | D |
| Commercial Regional, District | Hotel, Motel, Transient Lodging | A | Α | В | В | С | С | D |
| Commercial Regional, Village District, Special | Commercial Retail, Bank, Restaurant, Movie Theatre | A | A | A | A | В | В | с |
| Commercial Industrial Institutional | Office Building, Research and Development, Professional Offices, City Office Building | Α | A | Α | В | В | С | D |
| Commercial Recreational Institutional Civic Center | Amphitheatre, Concert Hall Auditorium, Meeting Hall | В | В | С | С | D | D | D |
| Commercial Recreation | Children's Amusement Park, Miniature Golf Course, Go-cart Track, Equestrian Center, Sports Club | A | Α | Α | В | В | D | D |
| Commercial General, Special Industrial, Institutional | Automobile Service Station, Auto Dealership, Manufacturing, Warehousing, Wholesale, Utilities | A | A | A | A | В | В | В |
| Institutional | Hospital, Church, Library, Schools' Classroom | Α | Α | В | С | С | D | D |
| Open Space | Parks | Α | Α | Α | В | С | D | D |
| Open Space | Golf Course, Cemeteries, Nature Centers Wildlife Reserves, Wildlife Habitat | Α | Α | Α | Α | В | С | С |
| Agriculture | Agriculture | Α | Α | Α | Α | Α | Α | Α |

EXHIBIT 3-A: LAND USE NOISE COMPATIBILITY MATRIX

SOURCE: Newport Beach, 2006

Zone A: Clearly Compatible—Specified land use is satisfactory, based upon the assumption that any buildings involved are of normal conventional construction without any special noise insulation requirements.

Zone B: Normally Compatible**—New construction or development should be undertaken only after detailed analysis of the noise reduction requirements and are made and needed noise insulation features in the design are determined. Conventional construction, with closed windows and fresh air supply systems or air conditioning, will normally suffice.

Zone C: Normally Incompatible—New construction or development should generally be discouraged. If new construction or development does proceed, a detailed analysis of noise reduction requirements must be made and needed noise insulation features included in the design.

Zone D: Clearly Incompatible-New construction or development should generally not be undertaken.



3.4.1 OPERATIONAL NOISE STANDARDS

The City of Newport Beach Municipal Code, Chapter 10.26 *Community Noise Control*, establishes the permissible exterior noise levels that may intrude into a neighboring property. According to Section 10.26.025(A) exterior noise levels at single-, two or multiple-family residential land uses (Noise Zone 1) shall not exceed 55 dBA L_{eq} during the daytime hours (7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.) and 50 dBA L_{eq} during the nighttime hours (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.). (12) For commercial uses, exterior noise levels shall not exceed 65 dBA L_{eq} during the daytime hours (7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.) and 60 dBA L_{eq} during the nighttime hours (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.).

According to Section 10.26.025(C), in the event the ambient noise level exceeds the noise standard, the maximum allowable noise level under said category shall be increased to reflect the maximum ambient noise level. While the Section 10.26.025(C) of City of Newport Beach Municipal Code permits the use of the existing ambient noise level to describe the base exterior noise level standards, this analysis relies on the more conservative and restrictive standards in Section 10.26.025(A). The City of Newport Beach Municipal Code, Chapter10.26 *Community Noise Control* exterior noise level standards are shown on Table 3-1 and are included in Appendix 3.1.

| City | Land Time Use Period | | Base Exterior Noise Level Standards (dBA L _{eq}) ² |
|--------------------|--|-----------|---|
| | Residential (Noise Zone I) Commercial (Noise Zone II) | Daytime | 55 |
| Newport | | Nighttime | 50 |
| Beach ¹ | | Daytime | 65 |
| | | Nighttime | 60 |

TABLE 3-1: OPERATIONAL NOISE STANDARDS

¹ Source: City of Newport Beach Municipal Code, Section 10.26.025 (Appendix 3.1).

² Base exterior noise level standards. If the ambient level exceeds allowable exterior Leq noise level, the ambient shall be the standard per Section 10.26.025 (C) of the City of Newport Beach Municipal Code.

"Daytime" = 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.; "Nighttime" = 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.

3.4.2 CONSTRUCTION NOISE STANDARDS

The City of Newport Beach has set restrictions to control noise impacts associated with the construction of the proposed Project. According to the City of Newport Beach Municipal Code Section 10.28.040 (included in Appendix 3.2), construction activities are considered exempt from the noise standards of the noise ordinance if limited to the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. on Mondays to Fridays, and 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, with no activity allowed on Sundays or national holidays. (13) Section 10.28.040 allowed hours are summarized in Table 3-2.



| City | Permitted Hours of Construction Activity |
|----------------------------|---|
| Newport Beach ¹ | 7:00 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. Mondays to Fridays; 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays; no activity on Sundays or national holidays |

TABLE 3-2: CONSTRUCTION NOISE STANDARDS

¹ Source: City of Newport Beach Municipal Code, Section 10.28.040 (Appendix 3.1).

Neither the City of Newport Beach General Plan Noise Element or Municipal Code establish numeric maximum acceptable construction source noise levels at potentially affected receivers. Therefore, a numerical comparison is provided herein based on the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual*, which considers a daytime exterior construction noise level of 80 dBA L_{eq} as reasonable for noise sensitive residential land use. (14 p. 179)

3.5 CONSTRUCTION VIBRATION STANDARDS

Construction activity can result in varying degrees of ground-borne vibration, depending on the equipment and methods used, distance to the affected structures and soil type. (14) Construction vibration is generally associated with pile driving and rock blasting. Other construction equipment such as air compressors, light trucks, hydraulic loaders, etc., generates little or no ground vibration. (14) Occasionally large bulldozers and loaded trucks can cause perceptible vibration levels at close proximity.

The City of Newport Beach has not identified or adopted vibration standards. However, the 2006 General Plan Environmental Impact Report (EIR) (15) identified a limit of 72 VdB for frequent events (more than 70 vibrations events per day) at residential uses and buildings where people normally sleep. (14) For infrequent events with fewer than 70 vibration events per day, the vibration limit is 80 VdB. These limits were derived from the FTA guidelines (14) for determining the relative significance of potential Project vibration impacts due to on-site construction activities as shown on Table 3-3.

| Vibration Criteria | Vibration Decibels (VdB) at 25 feet ¹ | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| 2006 GP EIR - Human Annoyance (Residential) ¹ | 72 | | | |
| FTA - Human Annoyance (Residential Daytime) ² | 78 | | | |
| FTA - Human Annoyance (Residential Nighttime) ² | 72 | | | |
| FTA - Human Annoyance (Office) ² | 84 | | | |

TABLE 3-3 CONSTRUCTION VIBRATION STANDARDS

¹City of Newport Beach General Plan EIR

² Federal Transit Administration, Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, September 2018.



It should be noted that the General Plan EIR conservatively identified a residential-nighttime threshold of 72 VdB for all circumstances of vibrational energy; including for construction activities which would almost never be expected to occur during the nighttime period (10pm to 7am). The FTA has established vibration criteria of 72 VbB for Residential-Nighttime land use, when no construction activities would be allowed per City of Newport Beach Code Section 10.28.040. The FTA criteria for Residential-Daytime land use is 78 VdB, which would be more applicable to the daytime construction activities. Based on the FTA interpretation for Residential-Daytime use, at 78 VdB Vibration is barely felt.

3.6 AIRPORT LAND USE COMPATIBILITY

John Wayne Airport (JWA) is located approximately 0.3 miles north/northwest of the Project site. The AELUP (16) prepared by the Orange County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC), identifies noise compatibility policies to safeguard the general welfare of the inhabitants within the vicinity of the airport and to ensure the continued operation of the airport. Specifically, the AELUP plan seeks to protect the public from the adverse effects of aircraft noise, to ensure that people and facilities are not concentrated in areas susceptible to aircraft accidents, and to ensure that no structures or activities adversely affect navigable airspace.

The basic function of the AELUP is to promote compatibility between the airport and the land uses that surround it. As required by State law, the AELUP provides guidance to affected local jurisdictions regarding airport land use compatibility. The main objective of the AELUP is to avoid future compatibility conflicts rather than to remedy existing incompatibilities. Also, the AELUP is aimed at addressing future land uses and development, not airport activity. The AELUP does not place any restrictions on the present and future role, configuration, or use of the airport. The AELUP establishes aircraft noise exposure exterior noise level compatibility thresholds for new developments by land use category. According to the exterior noise thresholds outlined in Exhibit 3-B, residential development is considered normally consistent with exterior noise levels of less than 60 dBA CNEL, conditionally consistent with exterior noise levels between 60 and 65 dBA CNEL and normally inconsistent with exterior noise level above 65 dBA CNEL. The ALEUP does not require any additional considerations for exterior locations exposed to noise levels below 70 dBA CNEL. As shown on Exhibit 3-C, based on Annual CNEL Noise Contours contained in the City of Newport Beach General Plan, the Project Site is located between the 65 dBA CNEL and 60 dBA CNEL aircraft noise level contours. (17) Thus a portion of the site considered noise impact Zone 2.

According to the AELUP, "[n]oise impact in this area is sufficient to require sound attenuation as set forth in the California Noise Insulation Standards, Title 25, California Code of Regulations. Single noise events in this area create serious disturbances to many inhabitants. Even though the Commission would not find residential units incompatible in this area, the Commission strongly recommends that residential units be limited or excluded from this area unless sufficiently sound attenuated. The residential use interior sound attenuation requirement shall be a CNEL value not exceeding an interior level of 45 dB. In addition, it is recommended that designated outdoor common or recreational areas within Noise Impact Zone 2 provide outdoor signage informing the public of the presence of operating aircraft."

Based on the location of the Project within the JWA notification area. The AELUP recommends all future residents be notified of potential aircraft overflight consistent with the following:

The property is presently located in the vicinity of an airport, within what is known as an airport influence area. For that reason, the property may be subject to some of the annoyances or inconveniences associated with proximity to airport operations (for example: noise, vibration or odors). Individual sensitives to those annoyances, if any are associated with the property before you complete your purchase and determine where they are acceptable to you."

EXHIBIT 3-B: AIRPORT COMPATIBILITY NOISE LEVELS BY LAND USE

| AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION FOR ORANGE COUNTY |
|---|
| AIRPORT ENVIRONS LAND USE PLAN |
| LIMITATIONS ON LAND USE DUE TO NOISE |
| (Applicable to Aircraft Noise Sources) |

| | COMMUNITY NOISE EQUIVALENT LEVEL dB | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| LAND USE CATEGORY | 55 | 60 | 65 | 70 | 75 | 80 | |
| Residential (all types): Single and Multi-Family Residences | | | | | | | |
| Community Facilities: Churches, Libraries, Schools, Preschools, Day-Care Centers, Hospitals, Nursing/Convalescent Homes, & Other noise sensitive uses | | | | | | | |
| Commercial: Retail, Office | | | | | | | |
| Industrial: | | | | | | | |



NORMALLY CONSISTENT

Conventional construction methods used. No special noise reduction requirements.



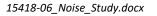
CONDITIONALLY CONSISTENT

Must use sound attenuation as required by the California Noise Insulation Standards, Title 25, California Code of Regulations. Residential use sound attenuation required to ensure that the interior CNEL does not exceed 45 dB. Commercial and industrial structures shall be sound attenuated to meet Noise Impact Zone "1" criteria (refer to Section 3.2.3).



NORMALLY INCONSISTENT

All residential units are inconsistent unless are sound attenuated to ensure that the interior CNEL does not exceed 45 dB, and that all units are indoor oriented so as to preclude noise impingement on outdoor living areas.





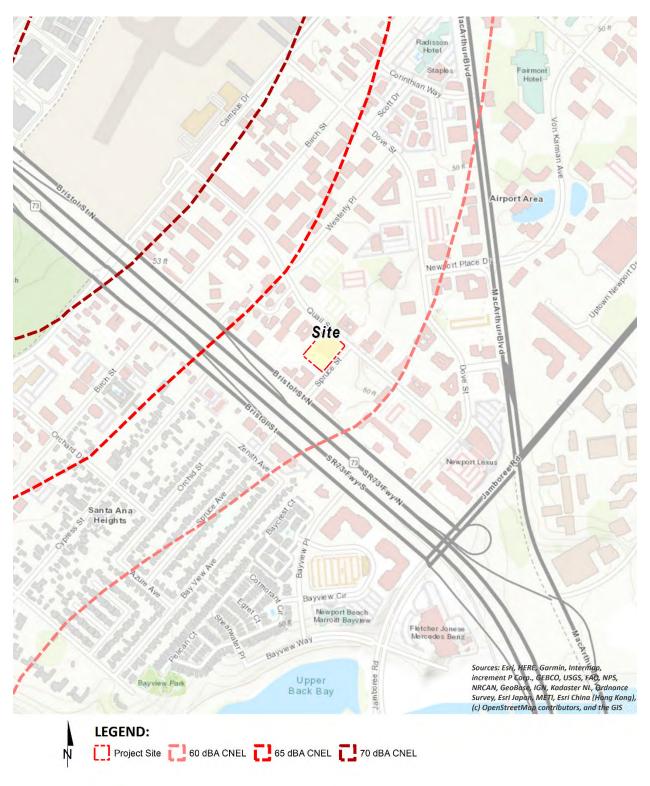


EXHIBIT 3-C: JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT NOISE LEVEL CONTOUR BOUNDARIES



4 SIGNIFICANCE CRITERIA

The following significance criteria are based on currently adopted guidance provided by Appendix G of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. (1) For the purposes of this report, impacts would be potentially significant if the Project results in or causes:

- A. Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?
- B. Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?
- C. For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

While the City of Newport Beach General Plan Guidelines provide direction on noise compatibility and establish noise standards by land use type that are sufficient to assess the significance of noise impacts, they do not define the levels at which increases are considered substantial for use under Guideline A. CEQA Appendix G Guideline C applies to nearest public and private airports, if any, and the Project's land use compatibility.

4.1 SIGNIFICANCE CRITERIA FOR CONSTRUCTION NOISE AND VIBRATION

The Project's construction noise and vibration impacts are significant if:

- If Project-related construction activities that generate noise are not in compliance with the City of Newport Beach Municipal Code, Section 10.28.040.
- If short-term Project generated construction vibration levels exceed the FTA's vibration threshold of 78 VdB at residential daytime use. (14)

4.2 SIGNIFICANCE CRITERIA FOR OPERATION

The Project's operational noise impacts are significant if:

- If Project-related operational (stationary-source) noise levels exceed the exterior 55 dBA L_{eq} daytime or 50 dBA L_{eq} nighttime noise level standards at nearby noise sensitive residential receiver locations (City of Newport Beach Municipal Code, Section 10.26.025).
- If Project-related operational (stationary-source) noise levels exceed the exterior 65 dBA L_{eq} daytime or 60 dBA L_{eq} nighttime noise level standards at nearby commercial receiver locations (City of Newport Beach Development Code, Section 10.26.025).
- If the existing ambient noise levels at the noise-sensitive receivers near the Project site:
 - are less than 55 dBA CNEL and the Project creates a barely perceptible 3 dBA CNEL or greater Project-related noise level increase; or
 - range from 55 to 60 dBA CNEL and the Project creates a 2 dBA CNEL or greater Projectrelated noise level increase; or
 - range from 60 to 75 dBA CNEL and the Project creates a 1 dBA CNEL or greater Projectrelated noise level increase; or



o already exceed 75 dBA CNEL, and the Project create any noise level increase.

4.3 SIGNIFICANCE CRITERIA SUMMARY

Noise impacts shall be considered significant if any of the following occur as a direct result of the proposed development. Table 4-1 shows the significance criteria summary matrix.

| Anghaig | Receiving | Condition (a) | Significance Criteria | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------------|--|--|
| Analysis | Land Use | Condition(s) | Daytime | Nighttime | | |
| On-Site Traffic Noise ¹ | Residential | Interior Noise Level Standard | 45 dBA CNEL | | | |
| | Residential ² | Exterior Noise Level Standards | 55 dBA L _{eq} | 50 dBA L _{eq} | | |
| Commercial ² | | Exterior Noise Level Standards | 65 dBA L _{eq} | 60 dBA L _{eq} | | |
| Operational Noise | Noise- Sensitive ³ | If ambient is < 55 dBA CNEL | ≥ 3 dBA CNEL Project Increase | | | |
| | | If ambient is 55 - 60 dBA CNEL | ≥ 2 dBA CNEL Project Increase | | | |
| | | If ambient is 60 - 75 dBA CNEL | ≥ 1 dBA CNEL Project Increase | | | |
| | | If ambient is > 75 dBA CNEL | Any Project Increase | | | |
| Construction | All | Noise Level Threshold | Compliance with Municipal Code Section 10.28.040 | | | |
| Construction | Residential ⁴ | Vibration Lovel Threshold | 78 | | | |
| | Commercial ⁴ | Vibration Level Threshold | 84 | n/a | | |
| Airport Noise | All ⁵ | Exterior Noise Level Standards | Fuhih | Exhibit 3-B | | |
| Exposure | | Interior Noise Level Standards | EXIIIDIL 3-D | | | |

TABLE 4-1: SIGNIFICANCE CRITERIA SUMMARY MATRIX

¹ City of Newport Beach General Plan Noise Element Policy N 1.5.

² City of Newport Beach Municipal Code, Section 10.26.025 (Appendix 3.1).

³ City of Newport Beach General Plan Policy N 1.8

⁴ Federal Transit Administration Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual.

⁵ Orange County Land Use Plan For John Wayne Airport.

"Daytime" = 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.; "Nighttime" = 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.;

"n/a" = No nighttime construction activity is permitted, so no nighttime construction noise level limits are identified; "VdB" = Vibration Decibels



5 OFF-SITE TRANSPORTATION NOISE IMPACTS

The Project would result in a small increase in regional and local traffic volumes. The expected Project is anticipated to generate a net increase of 110 average daily trips which would represent an incremental increase to the existing roadway volumes and is not expected to double traffic or generate a perceptible noise level increase (i.e., less than 3 dBA CNEL) at nearby sensitive land uses adjacent to study area roadways. Due to the low traffic volumes generated by the Project, the off-site traffic noise levels generated by the Project are considered *less than significant* and no further analysis is required.



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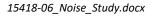


6 **RECEIVER LOCATIONS**

To assess the potential for long-term operational and short-term construction noise impacts, the following sensitive receiver locations, as shown on Exhibit 6-A, were identified as representative locations for analysis. Sensitive receivers are generally defined as locations where people reside or where the presence of unwanted sound could otherwise adversely affect the use of the land. Noise-sensitive land uses are generally considered to include schools, hospitals, single-family dwellings, mobile home parks, churches, libraries, and recreation areas. Moderately noise-sensitive land uses typically include multi-family dwellings, hotels, motels, dormitories, outpatient clinics, cemeteries, golf courses, country clubs, athletic/tennis clubs, and equestrian clubs. Land uses that are considered relatively insensitive to noise include business, commercial, and professional developments. Land uses that are typically not affected by noise include: industrial, manufacturing, utilities, agriculture, undeveloped land, parking lots, warehousing, liquid and solid waste facilities, salvage yards, and transit terminals.

To describe the potential off-site Project noise levels, four receiver locations in the vicinity of the Project site were identified. All distances are measured from the Project site boundary to the outdoor living areas (e.g., private backyards) or at the building façade, whichever is closer to the Project site. The selection of receiver locations is based on FHWA guidelines and is consistent with additional guidance provided by Caltrans and the FTA, as previously described in Section 5.2. Other sensitive land uses in the Project study area that are located at greater distances than those identified in this noise study will experience lower noise levels than those presented in this report due to the additional attenuation from distance and the shielding of intervening structures. Distance is measured in a straight line from the Project boundary to each receiver location.

- R1: Location R1 represents existing office use at 1400 Quail Street, approximately 99 feet northwest of the Project site. Receiver R1 is placed at the building façade facing the Project site.
- R2: Location R2 represents existing office use at 1400 Bristol Street North, approximately 59 feet southwest of the Project site. Receiver R2 is placed at the building façade facing the Project site.
- R3: Location R3 represents a noise sensitive residence at 20051 Orchid Street, approximately 968 feet southwest of the Project site. Receiver R3 is placed at the use area (back yard) facing the Project site.
- R4: Location R4 represents existing office use at 1451 Bristol Street North, approximately 49 feet northwest of the Project site. Receiver R4 is placed at the building façade facing the Project site.





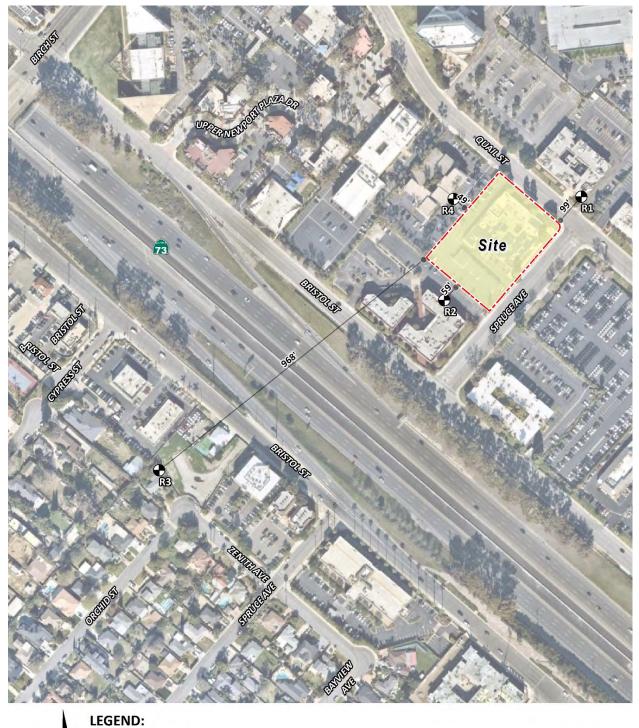


EXHIBIT 6-A: RECEIVER LOCATIONS

N L

Site Boundary 💮 Receiver Locations – Distance from receiver to Project site boundary (in feet)



7 OPERATIONAL NOISE IMPACTS

The proposed residential development is considered a noise-sensitive receiving land use and is not expected to include any specific type of operational noise levels beyond the typical noise sources associated with residential land use in the Project study area. However, this section analyzes the potential stationary-source operational noise impacts at the nearby receiver locations, identified in Section 6, resulting from the typical the operation of the Project. Exhibit 7-A identifies the representative noise source locations used to assess the operational noise levels.

7.1 OPERATIONAL NOISE SOURCES

This noise analysis describes the noise level impacts associated with the expected typical operational activities related to residential use at the Project site. The on-site Project-related operational noise sources are expected to include: roof-top mechanical, outdoor activity, pool activity, and parking lot activity.

7.2 REFERENCE OPERATIONAL NOISE LEVELS

To estimate the Project operational noise impacts, reference noise level measurements were collected from similar types of activities to represent the noise levels expected with the development of the proposed Project. This section provides a detailed description of the reference noise level measurements shown on Table 7-1 used to estimate the Project operational noise impacts. It is important to note that the following projected noise levels assume the worst-case noise environment with the roof-top mechanical, outdoor activity, pool activity, and parking lot activity. Appendix 7.1 includes the detailed calculations for the Project operational noise levels presented in this section.

7.2.1 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

The reference noise level measurements presented in this section were collected using a combination of Type 1 and Type 2 sound level meters. Each sound level meter was programmed in "slow" mode to record noise levels in "A" weighted form and calibrated prior to each measurement. The sound level meters and microphones were equipped with a windscreen during all measurements. All noise level measurement equipment satisfies the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard specifications for sound level meters ANSI S1.4-2014/IEC 61672-1:2013. (18)



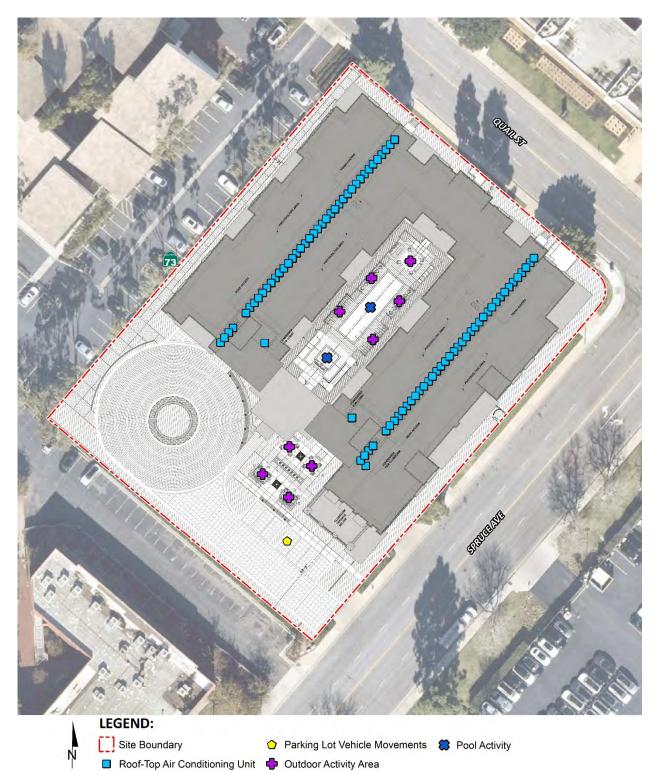


EXHIBIT 7-A: OPERATIONAL NOISE SOURCES

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| Naisa Course | Noise Min./Hour ⁴ | | Hour ⁴ | Reference Noise | Sound Power | |
|--|------------------------------|-----|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Noise Source | Height (Feet) | Day | Night | Level (dBA L _{eq}) | Level (dBA) ⁶ | |
| Roof-Top Mechanical Exhaust ¹ | 3' | 45 | 30 | 43.4 | 75.0 | |
| Outdoor Activity ² | 5' | 60 | 0 | 62.9 | 94.5 | |
| Pool Activity ² | 5' | 60 | 0 | 48.7 | 80.3 | |
| Parking Lot Activity ² | 5' | 60 | 60 | 44.7 | 76.3 | |

TABLE 7-1: REFERENCE NOISE LEVEL MEASUREMENTS

¹ Reference Carrier model 24ACC4

² As measured by Urban Crossroads, Inc.

³ Anticipated duration (minutes within the hour) of noise activity during typical hourly conditions expected at the Project site. "Daytime" = 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.; "Nighttime" = 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.

7.2.2 REFERENCE ROOF-TOP MECHANICAL EXHAUST

To assess the noise levels created by the roof-top air conditioning units, reference noise levels were taken from the Carrier model 24ACC4 product data sheet. The product data sheet for Carrier model 24ACC4 planned for the Project will produce a maximum sound power level of 75 dBA. The roof-top air conditioning units were modeled as operating 45 minutes per hour during the daytime and 30 minutes during the nighttime, which represents typical maximum operating conditions. For this noise analysis, the air conditioning units are expected to be located on the roof of the proposed buildings. The roof-top air conditioning units are anticipated to be located 3 feet above the roof.

7.2.3 OUTDOOR ACTIVITY

To describe the outdoor activity areas, a reference noise level measurement was taken. At 50 feet, the reference noise level is 62.9 dBA Leq at a noise source height of 5 feet. The reference noise level measurement includes outdoor eating, drinking, with laughing and talking with background music etc. collected by Urban Crossroads, Inc. The outdoor activity is expected to be limited to the daytime hours of 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

7.2.4 SWIMMING POOL ACTIVITY

To represent the noise levels associated with pool activities, Urban Crossroads collected a reference noise level measurement at a clubhouse pool in an unincorporated community of County of Orange. The measured reference noise level at the uniform 50-foot reference distance is 48.7 dBA L_{eq} for pool activity. The pool activity noise levels include kids playing, running, screaming, splashing, playing with a ball, and parents talking. The swimming pool activity is expected to be limited to the daytime hours of 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

7.2.5 PARKING LOT ACTIVITY

To determine the noise levels associated with parking lot vehicle movements, Urban Crossroads collected reference noise level measurements over a 24-hour period at a parking lot similar in



size as proposed for the Project. The measured reference noise level at 50 feet from parking lot vehicle movements was measured at 44.7 dBA L_{eq} . The parking lot noise levels are mainly due to cars pulling in and out of spaces and people talking. Noise associated with parking lot vehicle movements is expected to operate for the entire hour (60 minutes) day and night.

7.3 CADNAA NOISE PREDICTION MODEL

To fully describe the exterior operational noise levels from the Project, Urban Crossroads, Inc. developed a noise prediction model using the CadnaA (Computer Aided Noise Abatement) computer program. CadnaA can analyze multiple types of noise sources using the spatially accurate Development Site plan, georeferenced Nearmap aerial imagery, topography, buildings, and barriers in its calculations to predict outdoor noise levels.

Using the ISO 9613 protocol, CadnaA will calculate the distance from each noise source to the noise receiver locations, using the ground absorption, distance, and barrier/building attenuation inputs to provide a summary of noise level at each receiver and the partial noise level contributions by noise source. Consistent with the ISO 9613 protocol, the CadnaA noise prediction model relies on the reference sound power level (PWL) to describe individual noise sources. While sound pressure levels (e.g. Lea) quantify in decibels the intensity of given sound sources at a reference distance, sound power levels (PWL) are connected to the sound source and are independent of distance. Sound pressure levels vary substantially with distance from the source and diminish from intervening obstacles and barriers, air absorption, wind, and other factors. Sound power is the acoustical energy emitted by the sound source and is an absolute value that is not affected by the environment. The operational noise level calculations provided in this noise study account for the distance attenuation provided due to geometric spreading, when sound from a localized stationary source (i.e., a point source) propagates uniformly outward in a spherical pattern. A default ground attenuation factor of 0.5 was used in the CadnaA noise analysis to account for a mix of hard and soft site conditions. Appendix 7.1 includes the detailed noise model inputs.

7.4 PROJECT OPERATIONAL NOISE LEVELS

Using the reference noise levels to represent the proposed Project operations that include rooftop mechanical, outdoor activity, pool activity, and parking lot activity, Urban Crossroads, Inc. calculated the operational source noise levels that are expected to be generated at the Project site and the Project-related noise level increases that would be experienced at each of the sensitive receiver locations. Table 7-2 shows the Project operational noise levels during the daytime hours of 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. The daytime hourly noise levels at the off-site receiver locations are expected to range from 36.1 to 57.2 dBA L_{eq} .



| Noise Source ¹ | Operational Noise Levels by Receiver Location (dBA Leq) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|------|------|------|--|--|
| Noise Source- | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | | |
| Roof-Top Mechanical Exhaust | 34.1 | 33.6 | 25.8 | 32.4 | | |
| Outdoor Activity | 31.6 | 57.1 | 38.5 | 37.5 | | |
| Pool Activity | 11.0 | 31.0 | 17.1 | 16.5 | | |
| Parking Lot Activity | 2.4 | 34.2 | 13.3 | 9.5 | | |
| Total (All Noise Sources) | 36.1 | 57.2 | 38.8 | 38.7 | | |

TABLE 7-2: DAYTIME PROJECT OPERATIONAL NOISE LEVELS

¹ See Exhibit 7-A for the noise source locations. CadnaA noise model calculations are included in Appendix 7.1.

Table 7-3 shows the Project operational noise levels during the nighttime hours of 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. The nighttime hourly noise levels at the off-site receiver locations are expected to range from 23.5 to 35.2 dBA L_{eq}. The differences between the daytime and nighttime noise levels is largely related to the duration of noise activity (Table 7-1).

| Noise Source ¹ | Operational Noise Levels by Receiver Location (dBA Leq) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|------|------|------|--|--|
| Noise Source | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | | |
| Roof-Top Mechanical Exhaust | 31.5 | 30.9 | 23.1 | 29.7 | | |
| Outdoor Activity | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Pool Activity | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Parking Lot Activity | 1.5 | 33.2 | 12.3 | 8.5 | | |
| Total (All Noise Sources) | 31.5 | 35.2 | 23.5 | 29.7 | | |

TABLE 7-3: NIGHTTIME PROJECT OPERATIONAL NOISE LEVELS

¹ See Exhibit 7-A for the noise source locations. CadnaA noise model calculations are included in Appendix 7.1.

7.5 PROJECT OPERATIONAL NOISE LEVEL COMPLIANCE

To demonstrate compliance with local noise regulations, the Project-only operational noise levels are evaluated against the City of Newport Beach exterior noise level standards at nearest noise-sensitive receiver locations. For the noise-sensitive residential land use, the City of Newport Beach has established exterior noise level standards of 55 dBA L_{eq} during the daytime hours (7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.) and 50 dBA L_{eq} during the nighttime hours (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) and 65 dBA L_{eq} during daytime hours and 60 dBA L_{eq} during nighttime hours at commercial properties. (12) In the event the ambient noise level exceeds the noise standard, the maximum allowable noise level under said category shall be increased to reflect the maximum ambient noise level (Section 10.26.025(C)). While the Section 10.26.025(C) of City of Newport Beach Municipal Code permits the use of the existing ambient noise level to describe the base exterior noise level standards, this analysis relies on the more conservative and restrictive standards outlined in Section 10.26.025(A). Table 7-4 shows that the operational noise levels associated with 1401 Quail Street Residential Apartments Project will satisfy the City of Newport Beach exterior noise



level standards at all nearest receiver locations. Therefore, the operational noise impacts are considered *less than significant* at the nearest noise-sensitive receiver locations.

| Receiver Location ¹ | Project Operational Noise Levels (dBA Leq) ² | | | l Standards Leq) ³ | Noise Leve Excee | l Standards ded?⁴ |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------|---------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Location | Daytime | Nighttime | Daytime | Nighttime | Daytime | Nighttime |
| R1 | 36.1 | 31.5 | 65 | 60 | No | No |
| R2 | 57.2 | 35.2 | 65 | 60 | No | No |
| R3 | 38.8 | 23.5 | 55 | 50 | No | No |
| R4 | 38.7 | 29.7 | 65 | 60 | No | No |

TABLE 7-4: OPERATIONAL NOISE LEVEL COMPLIANCE

¹ See Exhibit 7-A for the noise source locations.

 $^{\rm 2}$ Proposed Project operational noise levels as shown on Tables 7-2 and 7-3.

³ Based on Section 10.26.025(A).

⁴ Do the estimated Project operational noise source activities exceed the noise level standards?

"Daytime" = 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.; "Nighttime" = 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.

7.6 PROJECT OPERATIONAL NOISE LEVEL INCREASE

To describe the Project operational noise level increases, the Project operational noise levels are combined with the existing ambient noise levels measurements for the nearest receiver locations potentially impacted by Project operational noise sources. Since the units used to measure noise, decibels (dB), are logarithmic units, the Project-operational and existing ambient noise levels cannot be combined using standard arithmetic equations. (2) Instead, they must be logarithmically added using the following base equation:

$$SPL_{Total} = 10log_{10}[10^{SPL1/10} + 10^{SPL2/10} + \dots 10^{SPLn/10}]$$

Where "SPL1," "SPL2," etc. are equal to the sound pressure levels being combined, or in this case, the Project-operational and existing ambient noise levels. The difference between the combined Project and ambient noise levels describes the Project noise level increases to the existing ambient noise environment.

The Project site is located approximately 400 feet north of SR-73 and located along the 60 CNEL noise level contour of the JWA. According to the 2021 Caltrans traffic census data, in the vicinity of the Project site, SR-73 has average daily traffic (ADT) volumes ranging from 120,000 to 130,000, which would expose the site to traffic noise levels up to 74 to 76 dBA L_{eq} . (19) Therefore, ambient noise levels in the Project area are anticipated to range from 60 to 76 dBA L_{eq} . Based on Table 7-4, Project generated noise levels at the nearest noise sensitive receiver (R3) are anticipated to range from 23.5 to 38.8 dBA L_{eq} . Adding the on the minimum ambient noise level anticipated in the Project area of approximately 60 dBA L_{eq} and the Project's maximum noise level of 38.8 dBA L_{eq} , the Project would not result in any increase in noise level at the nearest noise sensitive receiver (R3). Therefore, Project-related operational noise level increases will satisfy the operational noise level increase significance criteria presented on Table 4-1. Therefore, the incremental Project operational noise level increase is considered *less than significant* at all receiver locations.



8 CONSTRUCTION NOISE IMPACTS

Construction noise represents the combination of several types of equipment, the location of the equipment, and the duration of the noise-generating activities through different stages of construction. Each stage of construction involves the use of different types of construction equipment with unique noise characteristics operating at the varying distances within the construction activity area.

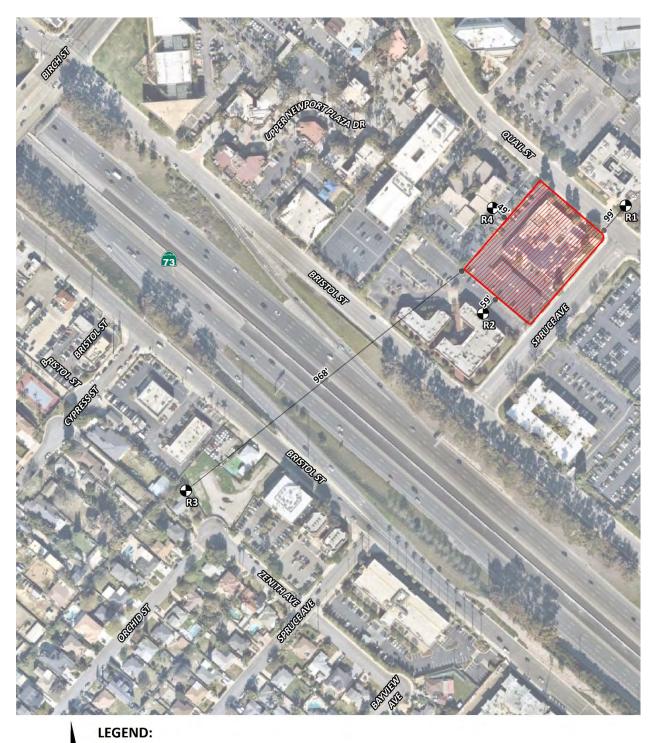
This section analyzes potential impacts resulting from the short-term construction activities associated with the development of the Project. Exhibit 8-A shows the construction activity boundaries in relation to the nearest sensitive receiver locations.

8.1 CONSTRUCTION NOISE SOURCES

Noise generated by the Project construction source equipment will include a combination of trucks, power tools, concrete mixers, and portable generators that when combined can reach high levels. The number and mix of construction equipment is expected to occur in the following stages:

- Demolition
- Site Preparation
- Grading
- Building Construction
- Paving
- Architectural Coating

This construction noise analysis was prepared using reference noise level measurements taken by Urban Crossroads, Inc. to describe the typical construction activity noise levels for each stage of Project construction. The construction reference noise level measurements represent a list of typical construction activity noise levels. Noise levels generated by heavy construction equipment can range from approximately 68 dBA to more than 80 dBA when measured at 50 feet. However, these noise levels diminish with distance from the construction site at a rate of 6 dBA per doubling of distance. For example, a noise level of 80 dBA measured at 50 feet from the noise source to the receiver would be reduced to 74 dBA at 100 feet from the source to the receiver, and would be further reduced to 68 dBA at 200 feet from the source to the receiver. At distances of less than 50 feet the noise levels will increase at a rate of 6 dBA per halving of distance.





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Construction Activity 🕀 Receiver Locations — Distance from receiver to construction activity (in feet)

8.2 CONSTRUCTION REFERENCE NOISE LEVELS

To describe construction noise activities, this construction noise analysis was prepared using reference construction equipment noise levels from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) published the Roadway Construction Noise Model (RCNM), which includes a national database of construction equipment reference noise emission levels. (20) The RCNM equipment database, provides a comprehensive list of the noise generating characteristics for specific types of construction equipment. In addition, the database provides an acoustical usage factor to estimate the fraction of time each piece of construction equipment is operating at full power (i.e., its loudest condition) during a construction operation. The reference noise level summary shown in Table 8-1 describes construction activity noise levels with multiple pieces of equipment operating simultaneously.

| Construction Stage | Reference Construction Equipmnet ¹ | Reference Noise Level @ 50 Feet (dBA L _{eq}) | Composite Reference Noise Level (dBA L _{eq}) |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Concrete Saw | 83.0 | |
| Demolition | Excavator | 77.0 | 84.4 |
| | Backhoe | 74.0 | |
| | Tractor | 80.0 | |
| Site Preparation | Front End Loader | 75.0 | 82.9 |
| Freparation | Dozer | 78.0 | |
| | Tractor | 80.0 | |
| Grading | Grader | 81.0 | 84.2 |
| | Compactor (ground) | 76.0 | |
| | Crane | 73.0 | |
| Building Construction | Generator | 78.0 | 82.1 |
| construction | Gradall | 79.0 | |
| | Paver | 74.0 | |
| Paving | Dump Truck | 72.0 | 77.8 |
| | Roller | 73.0 | |
| Architectural | Man Lift | 68.0 | |
| | Compressor (air) | 74.0 | 76.2 |
| Coating | Generator (<25kVA) | 70.0 | |

TABLE 8-1: CONSTRUCTION REFERENCE NOISE LEVELS

¹ FHWA Road Construction Noise Model.

8.3 CONSTRUCTION NOISE ANALYSIS

Table 8-2 provides a summary of the construction noise levels at the nearest noise-sensitive receiver locations. Using the reference construction equipment noise levels and the CadnaA noise prediction model, calculations of the Project construction noise level impacts at the nearby

sensitive receiver locations were completed. To account for the dynamic nature of construction activities, the Project construction noise analysis models the typical construction equipment as combination of the highest reference level as multiple moving points within the construction area (Project site boundary). Appendix 8.1 includes the detailed calculations for the Project construction noise levels presented in this section.

| | Construction Noise Levels (dBA L _{eq}) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Receiver Location ¹ | Demolition | Site Preparation | Grading | Building Construction | Paving | Architectural Coating | Highest Levels ² |
| R1 | 66.9 | 65.7 | 64.0 | 64.2 | 60.4 | 59.2 | 66.9 |
| R2 | 70.3 | 69.1 | 67.4 | 67.6 | 63.8 | 62.6 | 70.3 |
| R3 | 53.1 | 51.9 | 50.2 | 50.4 | 46.6 | 45.4 | 53.1 |
| R4 | 71.5 | 70.3 | 68.6 | 68.8 | 65.0 | 63.8 | 71.5 |

TABLE 8-2: CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY NOISE LEVEL SUMMARY

¹Noise receiver locations are shown on Exhibit 6-A.

² Construction noise level calculations based on distance from the construction activity, which is measured from the Project site boundary to the nearest receiver locations. CadnaA construction noise model inputs are included in Appendix 8.1.

8.4 CONSTRUCTION NOISE LEVEL COMPLIANCE

The applicant has stated that they will abide by restrictions set by The City of Newport Beach to control noise impacts associated with the construction of the proposed Project. According to the City of Newport Beach Municipal Code Section 10.28.040 (included in Appendix 3.2):

- A. No person shall, while engaged in construction, remodeling, digging, grading, demolition, painting, plastering or any other related building activity, operate any tool, equipment or machine in a manner which produces loud noise that disturbs, or could disturb, a person of normal sensitivity who works or resides in the vicinity, unless authorized to do so in accordance with subsection (B) of this section.
- B. The provisions of subsection (A) of this section shall not apply to the following:
 - 1. Work performed on any weekday, which is not a federal holiday, between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:30 p.m.
 - 2. Work performed on a Saturday, in any area of the City that is not designated as a highdensity area, between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.
 - 3. Emergency work performed pursuant to written authorization of the Community Development Director, or his or her designee.
 - 4. Maintenance, repair or improvement of any public work or facility by public employees, by any person or persons acting pursuant to a public works contract, or by any person or persons performing such work or pursuant to the direction of, or on behalf of, any public agency; provided, however, this exception shall not apply to the City of Newport Beach, or its employees, contractors or agents, unless:

Construction activities are considered exempt from the noise standards of the noise ordinance if limited to the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. on Mondays to Fridays, and 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.



on Saturdays, with no activity allowed on Sundays or national holidays. (13) For informational purposes, the Project's construction noise levels are compared against the FTA's acceptable noise level of 80 dBA L_{eq} for sensitive receiver locations. Table 8-3 shows the highest construction noise levels at the potentially impacted receiver locations are estimated to range from 53.1 to 71.5 dBA L_{eq} The noise impact due to Project construction noise levels is considered a *less than significant* impact at all nearest sensitive receiver locations.

| Receiver Location ¹ | Land Use ² | Highest Construction Noise Levels (dBA L _{eq}) ³ |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| R1 - (1150 Granville Dr.) | Office | 66.9 |
| R2 - (210 Newport Center Drive) | Office | 70.3 |
| R3 - (Civic Center Park) | Residential | 53.1 |
| R4 - (160 Newport Center Drive) | Office | 71.5 |

TABLE 8-3: CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT NOISE LEVEL COMPLIANCE

¹Noise receiver locations are shown on Exhibit 6-A.

² City of Newport Beach Interactive Map (Zoning)

³ Estimated construction noise levels during peak operating conditions, as shown on Table 8-2.

These *less than significant* findings are consistent with the 2006 General Plan Environmental Impact Report (EIR) (15): *Construction activities would be an ongoing occurrence in the City and, in particular cases, could occur in close proximity to noise-sensitive uses.* Although the proposed General Plan Update limits construction activities to specific days of the week and hours of the day, construction equipment generates high noise levels, as shown in Table 4.9-9 and may not always be reducible to the levels specified in the City Noise Ordinance. Section 10.26.035 of the Municipal Code (Exemptions), exempts "noise sources associated with construction, repair, remodeling, demolition, or grading of any real property." Section 10.26.035 also states that construction noise should fall under the provisions of Section 10.28 of the Code (Loud and Unreasonable Noise). Thus, construction noise is not subject to the noise standards in the Municipal Code, but only during limited hours of the day and days of the week. In sum, existing and future construction noise levels at individual construction sites may not substantially differ, but previously unexposed areas could experience new sources of construction noise. Both existing and future noise would be exempt from the City code and when construction noise occurs, impacts would be considered less than significant.

8.5 CONSTRUCTION VIBRATION IMPACTS

Construction has the potential to result in varying degrees of temporary ground vibration, depending on the specific construction activities and equipment used. Ground vibration levels associated with various types of construction equipment are summarized on Table 8-4. Based on the representative vibration levels presented for various construction equipment types, it is possible to estimate the human response (annoyance) using the following vibration assessment



methods defined by the FTA. To describe the human response (annoyance) associated with vibration impacts the FTA provides the following equation: $L_{VdB}(D) = L_{VdB}(25 \text{ ft}) - 30 \log(D/25)$.

| Equipment | Vibration Decibels (VdB) at 25 feet ¹ |
|-----------------|---|
| Small bulldozer | 58 |
| Jackhammer | 79 |
| Loaded Trucks | 86 |
| Large bulldozer | 87 |

TABLE 8-4: VIBRATION SOURCE LEVELS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

Source: Federal Transit Administration, Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment

It is expected that ground-borne vibration from Project construction activities would cause only intermittent, localized intrusion. The proposed Project's construction activities most likely to cause vibration impacts are:

- Heavy Construction Equipment: Although all heavy mobile construction equipment has the potential of causing at least some perceptible vibration while operating close to buildings, the vibration is usually short-term and is not of sufficient magnitude to cause building damage.
- Trucks: Trucks hauling building materials to construction sites can be sources of vibration intrusion if the haul routes pass through residential neighborhoods on streets with bumps or potholes. Repairing the bumps and potholes generally eliminates the problem.

Ground-borne vibration levels resulting from construction activities occurring within the Project site were estimated by data published by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA). Using the vibration source level of construction equipment provided on Table 8-4 and the construction vibration assessment methodology published by the FTA, it is possible to estimate the Project vibration impacts. Table 8-5 shows the highest construction vibration levels are estimated to range from 10.4 to 78.2 VdB. Using the construction vibration assessment methods provided by the FTA, Project construction vibration levels would not exceed the 78 VdB threshold at the nearest residential receiver location or the 84 VdB threshold at any commercial receiver location, and therefore, is considered a *less than significant* impact. Further, vibration levels at the site of the closest sensitive receiver are unlikely to be sustained during the entire construction period but will occur rather only during the times that heavy construction equipment is operating at the Project site perimeter.



| | | Distance to | Receiver Vibration Levels (VdB) ² | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Receiver Location ¹ | Land Use | Construction Activity (Feet) | Small Bulldozer | Jack- hammer | Loaded Trucks | Large Bulldozer | Highest Vibration Levels | Threshold (VdB) ³ | Threshold Exceeded? ⁴ |
| R1 | Office | 99' | 40.1 | 61.1 | 68.1 | 69.1 | 69.1 | 84 | No |
| R2 | Office | 59' | 46.8 | 67.8 | 74.8 | 75.8 | 75.8 | 84 | No |
| R3 | Residential | 968' | 10.4 | 31.4 | 38.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 84 | No |
| R4 | Office | 49' | 49.2 | 70.2 | 77.2 | 78.2 | 78.2 | 84 | No |

TABLE 8-5: CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT VIBRATION LEVELS

¹Noise receiver locations are shown on Exhibit 6-A.

² Based on the Vibration Source Levels of Construction Equipment included on Table 8-4.

³ Federal Transit Administration, Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment.

⁴ Does the vibration level exceed the FTA acceptable vibration level for the given land use?



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9 AIRPORT NOISE EXPOSURE

As shown on Exhibit 3-B, based on Annual CNEL Noise Contours contained in the City's General Plan, the Project site is located between the 65 CNEL and the 60 dBA CNEL aircraft noise level contours. Therefore, according to the AELUP, the Project site is considered *conditionally consistent* for residential land uses with JWA aircraft noise exposure exterior noise level compatibility threshold. Furthermore, this is consistent with the City of Newport Beach General Plan land use and noise compatibility policies related to airport noise.

Typical building construction will provide a Noise Reduction (NR) of approximately 12 dBA with "windows open" and a minimum 25 dBA noise reduction with "windows closed." Based on JWA aircraft noise levels ranging from 60 to 63 dBA CNEL, interior noise levels would range from 35 dBA to 38 dBA CNEL. Thus, this noise level analysis shows that the 45 dBA CNEL interior noise standard can be satisfied using standard construction and complying with statutory and regulatory noise requirements for all residential units exposed to aircraft noise from JWA. Therefore, the Project would not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels from airport or aircraft operations, and impacts would be *less than significant*.

In addition, the County of Orange has adopted the General Aviation Noise Ordinance (GANO) that prohibits commercial aircraft departures between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. and arrivals between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. (21) These restrictions substantially reduce the aircraft noise levels impacts during the noise sensitive nighttime hours for residential use.



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10 REFERENCES

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- 4. U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Environment and Planning, Noise and Air Quality Branch. *Highway Traffic Noise Analysis and Abatement Policy and Guidance*. June, 1995.
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- 20. U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Environment and Planning. FHWA Roadway Construction Noise Model. January, 2006.
- 21. County of Orange. General Aviation Operations Sec. 2-1-30.5. 2015.



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11 CERTIFICATION

The contents of this noise study report represent an accurate depiction of the noise environment and impacts associated with the proposed 1401 Quail Street Residential Apartments Project. The information contained in this noise study report is based on the best available data at the time of preparation. If you have any questions, please contact me directly at (619) 778-1971.

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EDUCATION

Bachelor of Science in Urban and Regional Planning California Polytechnic State University, Pomona • June 2000

PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS

ASA – Acoustical Society of America AEP – Association of Environmental Planners AWMA – Air and Waste Management Association INCE – Institute of Noise Control Engineers

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS

Approved Acoustical Consultant • County of San Diego FHWA Traffic Noise Model of Training • November 2004 CadnaA Basic and Advanced Training Certificate • October 2008.



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APPENDIX 3.1:

CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH MUNICIPAL CODE CHAPTER 10.26



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Chapter 10.26 COMMUNITY NOISE CONTROL

| Sections: | |
|------------------|---|
| <u>10.26.005</u> | Declaration of Policy. |
| <u>10.26.010</u> | Definitions. |
| <u>10.26.015</u> | Decibel Measurement Criteria. |
| <u>10.26.020</u> | Designated Noise Zones. |
| <u>10.26.025</u> | Exterior Noise Standards. |
| <u>10.26.030</u> | Interior Noise Standards. |
| <u>10.26.035</u> | Exemptions. |
| <u>10.26.040</u> | Schools, Day Care Centers, Churches, Libraries, Museums, Health Care Institutions—Special |
| | Provisions. |
| <u>10.26.045</u> | Heating, Venting and Air Conditioning—Special Provisions. |
| <u>10.26.050</u> | Sound-Amplifying Equipment. |
| <u>10.26.055</u> | Noise Level Measurement. |
| <u>10.26.065</u> | Proposed Developments. |
| <u>10.26.070</u> | Prima Facie Violation. |
| <u>10.26.075</u> | Violations. |
| <u>10.26.080</u> | Violations—Additional Remedies—Injunctions. |
| <u>10.26.085</u> | City Manager Waiver. |
| <u>10.26.090</u> | Noise Abatement Programs. |
| <u>10.26.095</u> | Manner of Enforcement. |
| <u>10.26.100</u> | Severability. |

10.26.005 Declaration of Policy.

A. In order to control unnecessary, excessive and annoying noise in the City of Newport Beach, it is declared to be the policy of the City to prohibit such noise generated from or by all sources as specified in this chapter.

B. It is determined that certain noise levels are detrimental to the public health, welfare and safety and contrary to public interest, therefore, the City Council of the City of Newport Beach does ordain and declare that creating, maintaining, causing or allowing to be created, caused or maintained, any noise in a manner prohibited by, or not in conformity with, the provisions of this chapter, is a public nuisance and may be punished as a public nuisance. The ordinance codified in this chapter is effective thirty (30) days from adoption, however, all fixed noise sources existing at the date of adoption shall have ninety (90) days from the date of adoption to achieve compliance with this chapter. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.010 Definitions.

The following words, phrases and terms as used in this chapter shall have the meanings as indicated here:

"Agricultural property" means a parcel of real property which is undeveloped for any use other than agricultural purposes.

"Ambient noise level" means the all-encompassing noise level associated with a given environment, being a composite of sounds from all sources, excluding the alleged offensive noise, at the location and approximate time at which a comparison with the alleged offensive noise is to be made.

"A-weighted sound level" means the total sound level meter with a reference pressure of twenty (20) micropascals using the A-weighted network (scale) at slow response. The unit of measurement shall be defined as DBA.

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"Code Enforcement Officer" means the Code Enforcement Officer of the City or his duly authorized deputy.

"Commercial property" means a parcel of real property which is used as either in part or in whole for commercial purposes.

"Cumulative period" means an additive period of time composed of individual time segments which may be continuous or interrupted.

"Decibel (Db)" means a unit which denotes the ratio between two quantities which are proportional to power: the number of decibels corresponding to the ratio of two amounts of power is ten times the logarithm to the base ten of this ratio.

"Dwelling unit" means any area within a structure on any parcel which:

1. Contains separate or independent living facilities for one or more persons, with an area or equipment for sleeping, sanitation and food preparation, and which has independent exterior access to ground level; or

2. Is being utilized for residential purposes by one or more persons separately or independently from occupants of other areas within the structure.

"Emergency machinery, vehicle, work or alarm" means any machinery, vehicle, work or alarm used, employed, performed or operated in an effort to protect, provide or restore safety conditions in the community or for the citizenry, or work by private or public utilities when restoring utility service.

"Equivalent, noise, level, leq." means the sound level corresponding to a steady state noise level over a given measurement period with the same amount of acoustic energy as the actual time varying noise level. Also known as the energy average noise level during the measurement period. The measurement period shall be fifteen (15) minutes under the terms of this chapter.

"Fixed noise source" means a stationary device which creates sounds while fixed or motionless including but not limited to residential, agricultural, industrial and commercial machinery and equipment, pumps, fans, compressors, air conditioners and refrigeration equipment.

"Grading" means any excavating of filling of earth material or any combination thereof conducted at a site to prepare said site for construction or other improvements thereon.

"Health care institution" means any hospital, convalescent home or other similar facility excluding residential.

"Hertz (HZ)" means the unit which describes the frequency of a function periodic in time which is the reciprocal of the period.

"Impulsive noise" means a noise of short duration usually less than one second and of high intensity, with an abrupt onset and rapid decay.

"Industrial property" means a parcel of real property which is used either in part or in whole for manufacturing purposes.

"Intruding noise level" means the total sound level, in decibels, created, caused, maintained or originating from an alleged offensive source at a specified location while the alleged offensive source is in operation.

"Licensed" means the issuance of a formal license or permit by the appropriate jurisdictional authority, or where no permits or licenses are issued, the sanctioning of the activity by the jurisdiction as noted in public record.

"Major roadway" means any street, avenue, boulevard or highway used for motor vehicle traffic which is owned or controlled by a public government entity.

54 G-60 "Mobile noise source" means any noise source other than a fixed noise source.

"Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, association, corporation, company or organization of any kind, including public agencies.

"Residential property" means a parcel of real property which is used either in part or in whole for residential purposes, other than transient uses such as hotels and motels, and residential care facilities. Residential property includes the residential portion of mixed use properties.

"Simple tone noise" means a noise characterized by a predominant frequency or frequencies so that other frequencies cannot be readily distinguished. If measured, simple tone noise shall exist if the one-third octave band sound pressure levels in the band with the tone exceeds the arithmetic average of the sound pressure levels of the two continuous one-third octave bands as follows: five Db for frequencies of five hundred (500) Hertz (Hz) and above or, by fifteen (15) Db for frequencies less than or equal to one hundred twenty-three (123) Hz.

"Sound level meter" means an instrument meeting American National Standard Institute's Standard S1.4-1971 or most recent revision thereof for Type 2 sound level meters or an instrument and the associated recording and analyzing equipment which will provide equivalent data.

"Sound pressure level" of a sound, in decibels, means twenty (20) times the logarithm to the base ten of the ratio of the pressure of the sound to a reference pressure which shall be explicitly stated.

"Vibration" means any movement of the earth, ground or other similar surface created by a temporal and spatial oscillation device or equipment located upon, affixed in conjunction with that surface. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.015 Decibel Measurement Criteria.

Any decibel measurement made pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be based on a reference sound pressure of twenty (20) micropascals as measured with a sound level meter using the A-weighted network (scale) at slow response. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.020 Designated Noise Zones.

The properties hereinafter described assigned to the following noise zones:

| Noise Zone I | | All single-, two- and multiple-family residential properties; |
|----------------|---|---|
| Noise Zone II | — | All commercial properties; |
| Noise Zone III | — | The residential portion of mixed-use properties; |
| Noise Zone IV | — | All manufacturing or industrial properties. |

The actual use of the property shall be the determining factor in establishing whether a property is in Noise Zone I, II, III or IV provided that the actual use is a legal use in the City of Newport Beach. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.025 Exterior Noise Standards.

A. The following noise standards, unless otherwise specifically indicated, shall apply to all property with a designated noise zone:

| NOISE TYPE OF LAND | | Level, Leq) | | | | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| ZONE | USE | 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. | 10 p.m. to 7 a.m. | | | |
| I | Single-, two-or multiple-family residential | 55 DBA | 50 DBA | | | |
| II | Commercial | 65 DBA | 60 DBA | | | |
| 111 | Residential portions of mixed-use properties | 60 DBA | 50 DBA | | | |
| IV | Industrial or manufacturing | 70 DBA | 70 DBA | | | |

ALLOWABLE EXTERIOR NOISE LEVEL (Equivalent Noise

If the ambient noise level exceeds the resulting standard, the ambient shall be the standard.

B. It is unlawful for any person at any location within the incorporated area of the City to create any noise, or to allow the creation of any noise on property owned, leased, occupied or otherwise controlled by such person, which causes the noise level when measured on any other property, to exceed either of the following:

1. The noise standard for the applicable zone for any fifteen-minute period;

2. A maximum instantaneous noise level equal to the value of the noise standard plus twenty (20) DBA for any period of time (measured using A-weighted slow response).

C. In the event the ambient noise level exceeds the noise standard, the maximum allowable noise level under said category shall be increased to reflect the maximum ambient noise level.

D. The Noise Zone III standard shall apply to that portion of residential property falling within one hundred (100) feet of a commercial property, if the intruding noise originates from that commercial property.

E. If the measurement location is on boundary between two different noise zones, the lower noise level standard applicable to the noise zone shall apply. (Ord. 95-53 § 1, 1995; Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.030 Interior Noise Standards.

A. The following noise standard, unless otherwise specifically indicated, shall apply to all residential property within all noise zones:

| NOISE ZONE | TYPE OF LAND USE | Level, Leq) | |
|---------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. | 10 p.m. to 7 a.m. |
| I | Residential | 45 DBA | 40 DBA |
| III | Residential portions of mixed-use properties | 45 DBA | 40 DBA |

ALLOWABLE INTERIOR NOISE LEVEL (Equivalent Noise

If the ambient noise level exceeds the resulting standard, the ambient shall be the standard.

B. It shall be unlawful for any person at any location within the incorporated area of the City to create any noise or to allow the creation of any noise on property owned, leased, occupied or otherwise controlled by such a person which causes the noise level when measured on any other property, to exceed either of the following:

1. The noise standard for the applicable zone for any fifteen-minute period;

2. A maximum instantaneous noise level equal to the value of the noise standard plus twenty (20) DBA for any period of time (measured using A-weighted slow response).

C. In the event the ambient noise level exceeds the noise standard, the noise standard applicable to said category shall be increased to reflect the maximum ambient noise level.

D. The Noise Zone III standard shall apply to that portion of residential property falling within one hundred (100) feet of a commercial property, if the intruding noise originates from that commercial property.

E. If the measurement location is on a boundary between two different noise zones, the lower noise level standard applicable to the noise zone shall apply. (Ord. 95-53 § 2, 1995; Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.035 Exemptions.

The following activities shall be exempted from the provisions of this chapter:

A. Any activity conducted on public property, or on private properly with the consent of the owner, by any public entity, or its officers, employees, representatives, agents, subcontractors, permittees, licensees, or lessees, which are consistent with, and in furtherance of, the governmental functions or services the public entity has authorized, or responsible, to perform, activities which are exempt from the provisions of this chapter include, without limitation, sporting and recreational activities which are sponsored or co-sponsored by the City of Newport Beach or the Newport Mesa Unified School District;

B. Occasional outdoor gatherings, public dances, show, sporting and entertainment events, provided said events are conducted pursuant to a permit or license issued by the appropriate jurisdiction relative to the staging of said events;

C. Any mechanical device, apparatus or equipment used, related to or connected with emergency machinery, vehicle, work or warning alarm or bell, provided the sounding of any bell or alarm on any building or motor vehicle shall terminate its operation within forty-five (45) minutes in any hour of its being activated;

D. Noise sources associated with construction, repair, remodeling, demolition or grading of any real property. Such activities shall instead be subject to the provisions of Chapter <u>10.28</u> of this title;

E. Noise sources associated with construction, repair, remodeling, demolition or grading of public rights-of-way or during authorized seismic surveys;

F. All mechanical devices, apparatus or equipment associated with agriculture operations provided that:

1. Operations do not take place between eight p.m. and seven a.m. on weekdays, including Saturday, or at any time Sunday or a federal holiday, or

2. Such operations and equipment are utilized for the protection or salvage of agricultural crops during periods of potential or actual frost damage or other adverse weather conditions, or

3. Such operations and equipment are associated with agricultural pest control through pesticide application, provided the application is made in accordance with permits issued by or regulations enforced

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by the California Department of Agriculture;

G. Noise sources associated with the maintenance of real property. Such activities shall instead be subject to the provisions of Chapter <u>10.28</u> of this title;

H. Any activity to the extent regulation thereof has been preempted by state or federal law. NOTE: Preemption may include motor vehicle, aircraft in flight, and railroad noise regulations;

I. Any noise sources associated with people and/or music associated with a party at a residential property. Such noise is difficult to measure under the terms of this chapter and instead shall be subject to the provisions of Chapters <u>10.28</u> and <u>10.58</u> of this title;

J. Any noise sources associated with barking dogs or other intermittent noises made by animals on any properly within the City of Newport Beach. Such noise is difficult to measure under the terms of this chapter and instead shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter <u>7.20</u> of this Code;

K. Any noise sources associated with the operation of a permanently installed heating, venting and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment on a residential property permitted under the provisions of Section <u>10.26.045</u>(B) and (C);

L. Any noise sources specifically identified and mitigated under the provisions of a use permit, modification permit, development agreement or planned community district development plan adopted prior to the date of adoption of this chapter. (Ord. 95-53 § 3, 1995; Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.040 Schools, Day Care Centers, Churches, Libraries, Museums, Health Care Institutions —Special Provisions.

It is unlawful for any person to create any noise which causes the noise level at any school, day care center, hospital or similar health care institution, church, library or museum while the same is in use, to exceed the noise standards specified in Section <u>10.26.025</u> prescribed for the assigned Noise Zone I (residential uses). (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.045 Heating, Venting and Air Conditioning—Special Provisions.

A. New HVAC Equipment. New permits for heating, venting and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment in or adjacent to residential areas shall be issued only where installations can be shown by computation, based on the sound rating of the proposed equipment, not to exceed an A-weighted sound pressure level of fifty (50) DBA or not to exceed an A-weighted sound pressure level of fifty-five (55) dBA and be installed with a timing device that will deactivate the equipment during the hours of ten p.m. to seven a.m. The method of computation used shall be that specified in "Standard Application of Sound Rated Outdoor Unitary Equipment," Standard 275, Air conditioning and Refrigeration Institute, 1984 or latest revision thereof.

B. Existing HVAC Equipment.

1. HVAC equipment legally installed prior to April 22, 1981, shall be permitted to operate with an exterior noise limit of sixty-five (65) dBA until January 1, 1998.

2. HVAC equipment legally installed prior to April 22, 1981, shall be exempted from the interior noise level standard as specified in Section <u>10.26.030</u> of this chapter until January 1, 1998.

3. HVAC equipment legally installed after April 22, 1981, and prior to the date of adoption of this chapter shall not exceed a maximum exterior noise limit of fifty-five (55) dBA during the ninety-day compliance period set forth in Section <u>10.26.005</u>.

C. In the event that HVAC equipment cannot meet the requirements set forth in this chapter, then the exterior noise limit for such equipment may be raised to sixty-five (65) dBA and exempted from the interior noise level standard as specified in Section <u>10.26.030</u> of this chapter, provided that the applicant obtains the written consent of all the owners of the affected properties. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.050 Sound-Amplifying Equipment.

Loudspeakers, sound amplifiers, public address systems or similar devices used to amplify sounds shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter <u>10.32</u> of this title. Such sound-amplifying equipment shall not be construed to include electronic devices, including but not limited to, radios, tape players, tape recorders, compact disc players, electric keyboards, music synthesizers, record players or televisions, which are designed and operated for personal use, or used entirely within a building and are not designed or used to convey the human voice, music or any other sound to an audience outside such building, or which are used in vehicles and heard only by occupants of the vehicle in which installed, which shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter <u>10.28</u> of this title. (Ord. 95-38 \S 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.055 Noise Level Measurement.

A. The location selected for measuring exterior noise levels in a residential area shall be at any part of a private yard, patio, deck or balcony normally used for human activity and identified by the owner of the affected property as suspected of exceeding the noise level standard. This location may be the closest point in the private yard or patio, or on the deck or balcony, to the noise source, but should not be located in nonhuman activity areas such as trash container storage areas, planter beds, above or contacting a property line fence, or other areas not normally used as part of the yard, patio, deck or balcony. The location selected for measuring exterior noise levels in a nonresidential area shall be at the closest point to the noise source. The measurement microphone height shall be five feet above finish elevation or, in the case of a deck or balcony, the measurement microphone height shall be five feet above the finished floor level.

B. The location selected for measuring interior noise levels shall be made within the affected residential unit. The measurements shall be made at a point at least four feet from the wall, ceiling or floor, or within the frame of a window opening, nearest the noise source. The measurements shall be made with windows in an open position. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.065 Proposed Developments.

Each department whose duty it is to review and approve new projects or changes to existing projects that result or may result in the creation of noise shall consult with the Code Enforcement Officer prior to any such approval. If at any time the Code Enforcement Officer has reason to believe that a standard, regulation, action, proposed standard, regulation or action of any department respecting noise does not conform to the provisions as specified in this chapter, the Code Enforcement Officer may request such department to consult with him on the advisability of revising such standard or regulation to obtain uniformity. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.070 Prima Facie Violation.

Any noise exceeding the noise level standard as specified in Section <u>10.26.025</u> and <u>10.26.030</u> of this chapter, shall be deemed to be prima facie evidence of a violation of the provisions of this chapter. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.075 Violations.

Any persons violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed guilty of an infraction. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.080 Violations—Additional Remedies—Injunctions.

A. As an additional remedy, the operation or maintenance of any device, instrument, vehicle or machinery in violation of any provisions of this chapter which operation or maintenance causes or creates sound levels exceeding the allowable standards as specified in this chapter shall be deemed and is declared to be a public nuisance and may be subject to abatement summarily by a restraining order or injunction issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.

B. Any violation of this chapter is declared to be a public nuisance and may be abated in accordance with law. The expense of this chapter is declared to be public nuisance and may be by resolution of the City Council declared to be a lien against the property on which such nuisance is maintained, and such lien shall be made a personal obligation of the property owner. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.085 City Manager Waiver.

The City Manager is authorized to grant a temporary waiver to the provisions of this chapter for a period of time not to exceed thirty (30) days if such temporary waiver would be in the public interest and there is no feasible and prudent alternative to the activity, or the method of conducting the activity, for which the temporary waiver is sought. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.090 Noise Abatement Programs.

A. In circumstances which adopted community-wide noise standards and policies prove impractical in controlling noise generated from a specific source, the City Council may establish a noise abatement program which recognizes the characteristics of the noise source and affected property and which incorporates specialized mitigation measures.

B. Noise abatement programs shall set forth in detail the approved terms, conditions and requirements for achieving maximum compliance with noise standards and policies. Said terms, conditions and requirements may include, but shall not be limited to, limitations, restrictions, or prohibitions on operating hours, location of operations, and the types of equipment. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.095 Manner of Enforcement.

A. The City Code Enforcement Officer is directed to enforce the provisions of this chapter and may issue citations for any violation of the provisions of this chapter or violations of this chapter may be prosecuted or enforced in the same manner as other infractions pursuant to this Code; provided, however, that in the event of an initial violation of the provisions of this chapter, a written notice may be given to the alleged violator which specifies the time by which the condition shall be corrected.

B. No person shall interfere with, oppose or resist any authorized person charged with the enforcement of this chapter while such person is engaged in the performance of his/her duty.

C. In the event the alleged violator cannot be located in order to serve any notice, the notice shall be deemed to be given upon mailing such notice by registered or certified mail to the alleged violator at his last known address or at the place where the violation occurred in which event the specified time period for abating the violation or applying for a variance shall commence at the date of the day following the mailing of such notice. (Ord. 95-38 § 11 (part), 1995)

10.26.100 Severability.

If any provision, clause, sentence, or paragraph of this chapter, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions of this chapter which can be

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APPENDIX 3.2:

CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH MUNICIPAL CODE CHAPTER 10.28

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Chapter 10.28 LOUD AND UNREASONABLE NOISE*

Sections:

| <u>10.28.005</u> | Policy. |
|------------------|--|
| <u>10.28.007</u> | Loud and Unreasonable Noise is Prohibited. |
| <u>10.28.010</u> | Loud and Unreasonable Noise. |
| <u>10.28.020</u> | Loud and Raucous Noise from Sound-Making or Amplifying Devices Prohibited. |
| <u>10.28.040</u> | Construction Activity—Noise Regulations. |
| <u>10.28.045</u> | Real Property Maintenance—Noise Regulations. |
| <u>10.28.050</u> | Exceptions. |
| | |

* Sound-amplifying equipment—See Chapter <u>10.32</u>.

Prior history: 1949 Code § 4208; Ords. 1191, 1802, 87-11, 87-17 and 93-7.

10.28.005 Policy.

It is found and declared as follows:

A. The making, allowing, creation or maintenance of loud and unreasonable, unnecessary, or unusual noises which are prolonged, unusual, annoying, disturbing and/or unreasonable in their time, place and use are a detriment to public health, comfort, convenience, safety, general welfare and the peace and quiet of the City and its inhabitants.

B. The necessity in the public interest for the provisions and prohibitions contained and enacted is to declare as a matter of legislative determination and public policy, and it is further declared that the provisions and prohibitions contained and enacted are in pursuance of and for the purpose of securing and promoting the public health, comfort, convenience, safety, general welfare and property and the peace and quiet of the City and its inhabitants. (Ord. 2001-4 § 1, 2001)

10.28.007 Loud and Unreasonable Noise is Prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person or property owner to make, continue, cause or allow to be made any loud, unreasonable, unusual, penetrating or boisterous noise, disturbance or commotion which annoys, disturbs, injures or endangers the comfort, repose, health, peace and quiet within the limits of the City, and the acts and things listed in this chapter, among others, are declared to be loud, disturbing, injurious and unreasonable noises in violation of this Chapter, but shall not be deemed to be exclusive. (Ord. 2001-4 § 2, 2001)

10.28.010 Loud and Unreasonable Noise.

It is unlawful for any person or property owner to willfully make, allow, continue or cause to be made, allowed, or continued, any loud and unreasonable, unnecessary, or disturbing noise, including, but not limited to, yelling, shouting, hooting, whistling, singing, playing music, or playing a musical instrument, which disturbs the peace, comfort, quiet or repose of any area or which causes discomfort or annoyance to any reasonable person of normal sensitivities in the area, after a peace or code enforcement officer has first requested that the person or property owner cease and desist from making or continuing, or causing to make or continue, such loud, unreasonable, unnecessary, excessive or disturbing noise.

The factors, standards, and conditions which should be considered in determining whether a violation of the provisions of this section has been committed, include, but are not limited to, the following:

A. The level of the noise;

- B. Whether the nature of the noise is usual or unusual;
- C. Whether the origin of the noise is natural or unnatural;
- D. The level and intensity of the background (ambient) noise, if any;
- E. The proximity of the noise to residential or commercial sleeping areas;
- F. The nature and zoning of the area within which the noise emanates;
- G. The density of inhabitation of the area within which the noise emanates;
- H. The time of day and night the noise occurs;
- I. The duration of the noise;
- J. Whether the noise is constant, or recurrent or intermittent; and
- K. Whether the noise is produced by a commercial or noncommercial activity;

L. If the noise is produced by a commercial activity, whether the use is lawful under the provisions of Title <u>20</u> of this Code and whether the noise is one that could reasonably be expected from the commercial activity.

M. Penalties. Any person who violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, unless the violation is deemed an infraction pursuant to the provisions of Section <u>1.04.010</u> of this Code. (Ord. 2001-4 § 3 (part), 2001: Ord. 95-38 § 3 (part), 1995)

10.28.020 Loud and Raucous Noise from Sound-Making or Amplifying Devices Prohibited.

A. It is unlawful for any person to cause, allow or permit the emission or transmission of any loud or raucous noise from any sound-making or sound-amplifying device in his possession or under his control:

- 1. Upon any private property; or
- 2. Upon any public street, alley, sidewalk or thoroughfare; or
- 3. In or upon any public park, beach or other public place or property.

B. The words "loud and raucous noise," as used herein, shall mean any sound or any recording thereof when amplified or increased by any electrical, mechanical or other device to such volume, intensity or carrying power as to unreasonably interfere with the peace and quiet of other persons within or upon any one or more of such places or areas, or as to unreasonably annoy, disturb, impair or endanger the comfort, repose, health, or safety of other persons within or upon any one or more or more such places or areas.

C. The word "unreasonably," as used herein, shall include, but not be limited to, consideration of the hour, place, nature and circumstances of the emission or transmission of any such loud and raucous noise.

D. Penalties. Any person who violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor unless the violation is deemed an infraction pursuant to the provisions of Section <u>1.04.010</u> of this Code. (Ord. 2001-4 § 3 (part), 2001: Ord. 95-38 § 3 (part), 1995)

10.28.040 Construction Activity—Noise Regulations.

A. No person shall, while engaged in construction, remodeling, digging, grading, demolition, painting, plastering or any other related building activity, operate any tool, equipment or machine in a manner which produces loud

noise that disturbs, or could disturb, a person of normal sensitivity who works or resides in the vicinity, unless authorized to do so in accordance with subsection (B) of this section.

B. The provisions of subsection (A) of this section shall not apply to the following:

1. Work performed on any weekday, which is not a federal holiday, between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:30 p.m.

2. Work performed on a Saturday, in any area of the City that is not designated as a high-density area, between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.

3. Emergency work performed pursuant to written authorization of the Community Development Director, or his or her designee.

4. Maintenance, repair or improvement of any public work or facility by public employees, by any person or persons acting pursuant to a public works contract, or by any person or persons performing such work or pursuant to the direction of, or on behalf of, any public agency; provided, however, this exception shall not apply to the City of Newport Beach, or its employees, contractors or agents, unless:

a. The City Manager or department director determines that the maintenance, repair or improvement is immediately necessary to maintain public services;

b. The maintenance, repair or improvement is of a nature that cannot feasibly be conducted during normal business hours; or

c. The City Council has approved project specifications, contract provisions, or an environmental document that specifically authorizes construction during hours of the day which would otherwise be prohibited pursuant to this section.

C. No landowner, construction company owner, contractor, subcontractor, or employer shall permit or allow any person or persons working under their direction and control to operate any tool, equipment or machine in violation of the provisions of this section.

D. Any person who violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor unless the violation is deemed an infraction pursuant to the provisions of Section <u>1.04.010</u>, or any successor section, of this Code.

E. Designated High-Density Area. The term "designated high-density area" shall mean any shaded area on the following map. See <u>Exhibit A</u>*. The geographical boundaries of a homeowners' association, as defined in subsection (F) of this section, shall be excluded from the definition of a "designated high-density area" if the City Council adopts a resolution pursuant to subsection (F) of this section.

F. A homeowners' association located within a designated high-density area may exclude the geographical boundaries of the homeowners' association from the definition of a designated high-density area if:

1. The board of directors of the homeowners' association votes to approve a resolution or letter declaring its desire to exempt its geographical boundaries from the definition of a designated high-density area;

2. The board of directors submits the approved resolution or letter to the City Clerk for consideration by the City Council; and

3. The City Council adopts a resolution finding that exempting the geographical boundaries of the homeowners' association from the definition of a designated high-density area will not negatively affect surrounding property owners.

65 G-71 For the purpose of this subsection, a "homeowners' association" means an organization consisting of at least thirty (30) voting members whose properties connect in a contiguous manner and whose operation is governed by a board of directors. (Ord. 2019-11 §§ 1, 2, 2019; Ord. 2019-9 § 1, 2019: Ord. 2013-11 § 35, 2013; Ord. 2001-4 § 3 (part), 2001: Ord. 95-38 § 3 (part), 1995)

*Exhibit A is on file in the City Clerk's office.

10.28.045 Real Property Maintenance—Noise Regulations.

A. Weekdays and Saturdays. No person shall, while engaged in maintenance of real property, operate any tool, equipment or machine in a manner which produces loud noise that disturbs, or could disturb, a person of normal sensitivity who works or resides in the vicinity, except between the hours of seven a.m. and six-thirty p.m., Monday through Friday, nor on any Saturday, except between the hours of eight a.m. and six p.m.

B. Sundays and Holidays. No person shall, while engaged in maintenance of real property, operate any tool, equipment or machine in a manner which produces loud noise that disturbs, or could disturb, a person of normal sensitivity who works or resides in the vicinity, on any Sunday or any federal holiday.

C. No landowner, gardener, property maintenance service, contractor, subcontractor or employer shall permit or allow any person or persons working under their direction and control to operate any tool, equipment or machine in violation of the provisions of this section.

D. After January 1, 1996, mechanical blowers, as defined in Section <u>6.04.055</u>, shall not be operated at a noise level that exceeds an A-weighted sound pressure level of seventy (70) dBA, as measured at a distance of fifty (50) feet. After January 1, 1999, such equipment shall not be operated at a noise level that exceeds an A-weighted sound pressure level of sixty-five (65) dBA, as measured from a distance of fifty (50) feet.

E. Exceptions. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the following:

1. Emergency property maintenance authorized by the Community Development Director, or his or her designee;

2. The maintenance, repair or improvement of any public work or facility by public employees, by any person or persons acting pursuant to a public works contract, or by any person or persons performing such work or pursuant to the direction of, or on behalf of, any public agency; provided, however, this exception shall not apply to the City of Newport Beach, or its employees, contractors or agents, unless:

a. The City Manager or department director determines that the maintenance, repair or improvement is immediately necessary to maintain public service,

b. The maintenance, repair or improvement is of a nature that cannot feasibly be conducted during normal business hours,

c. The City Council has approved project specifications, contract provisions, or an environmental document that specifically authorizes construction during hours of the day which would otherwise be prohibited pursuant to this section;

3. Greens maintenance on golf courses conducted between the hours of six a.m. and eight p.m. and all other types of golf course maintenance between the hours of seven a.m. and eight p.m., provided no maintenance activity commences before six a.m.

F. Penalties. Any person who violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor unless the violation is deemed an infraction pursuant to the provisions of Section <u>1.04.010</u> of this Code. (Ord. 2019-9 § 2, 2019; Ord. 2001-4 § 3 (part), 2001: Ord. 95-38 § 3 (part), 1995)

APPENDIX 7.1:

OPERATIONAL NOISE LEVEL CALCULATIONS

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15418 - 1401 Quail Street

CadnaA Noise Prediction Model: 15418-02_Operation.cna Date: 18.06.23 Analyst: B. Maddux

Calculation Configuration

| ParameterValueGeneral | Configurat | ion |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Max. Error (dB)0.00Max. Search Radius (#(Unit,LEN))2000.01Min. Dist Src to Rcvr0.00PartitionRaster Factor0.50Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))999.99Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))1.01Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))0.00Proj. Line SourcesOnProj. Area SourcesOnRef. Time0.00Daytime Penalty (dB)5.00Night-time Penalty (dB)10.00DTMStandard Height (m)Standard Height (m)0.00Reflection2Search Radius Src100.00Max. Distance Source - Rcvr1000.00 1000.00 | Parameter | Value |
| Max. Search Radius (#(Unit,LEN))2000.01Min. Dist Src to Rcvr0.00PartitionRaster Factor0.50Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))999.99Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))1.01Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))1.01Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))0.00Proj. Line SourcesOnProj. Area SourcesOnRef. TimeDaytime Penalty (dB)5.00Night-time Penalty (dB)10.00DTMStandard Height (m)0.00Model of TerrainTriangulationReflection2Search Radius Src100.00Max. Distance Source - Rcvr1000.00 1000.00 | General | |
| Min. Dist Src to Rcvr0.00Partition | Max. Error (dB) | 0.00 |
| Partition0.50Raster Factor0.50Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))999.99Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))1.01Min. Length of Section (%)0.00Proj. Line SourcesOnProj. Area SourcesOnRef. Time0.00Daytime Penalty (dB)0.00Night-time Penalty (dB)10.00DTM0.00Standard Height (m)0.00Model of TerrainTriangulationReflection2Search Radius Src100.00Max. Distance Source - Rcvr1000.00 1000.00 | Max. Search Radius (#(Unit,LEN)) | 2000.01 |
| Raster Factor0.50Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN))999.99Min. Length of Section (%)0.00Min. Length of Section (%)0.00Proj. Line SourcesOnProj. Area SourcesOnDaytime Penalty (dB)0.00Ref. Time Penalty (dB)10.00Night-time Penalty (dB)10.00DTMStandard Height (m)Model of TerrainTriangulationReflection2Search Radius Src100.00Max. Distance Source - Rcvr1000.00 1000.00 | Min. Dist Src to Rcvr | 0.00 |
| Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) 999.99 Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) 1.01 Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM Standard Height (m) Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 | Partition | |
| Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) 1.01 Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time | Raster Factor | 0.50 |
| Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time 0.00 Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 0.00 Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rxvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rxvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) | 999.99 |
| Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time | Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) | 1.01 |
| Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 0.00 Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection max. Order of Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Min. Length of Section (%) | 0.00 |
| Ref. Time Image: Constraint of the system Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 0.00 Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rxvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Proj. Line Sources | On |
| Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 0.00 Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Proj. Area Sources | On |
| Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 5.00 Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection 2 search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Ref. Time | |
| Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 5tandard Height (m) Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection 2 max. Order of Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Daytime Penalty (dB) | 0.00 |
| DTM 0.00 Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Recr. Time Penalty (dB) | 5.00 |
| Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection 2 max. Order of Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Night-time Penalty (dB) | 10.00 |
| Model of Terrain Triangulation Reflection 2 max. Order of Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | DTM | |
| Reflection 2 max. Order of Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Standard Height (m) | 0.00 |
| max. Order of Reflection 2 Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Model of Terrain | Triangulation |
| Search Radius Src 100.00 Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Reflection | |
| Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | max. Order of Reflection | 2 |
| Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Search Radius Src | 100.00 |
| | Search Radius Rcvr | 100.00 |
| | Max. Distance Source - Rcvr | 1000.00 1000.00 |
| Min. Distance Rvcr - Reflector 1.00 1.00 | Min. Distance Rvcr - Reflector | 1.00 1.00 |
| Min. Distance Source - Reflector 0.10 | Min. Distance Source - Reflector | 0.10 |
| Industrial (ISO 9613) | Industrial (ISO 9613) | |
| Lateral Diffraction some Obj | Lateral Diffraction | some Obj |
| Obst. within Area Src do not shield On | Obst. within Area Src do not shield | On |
| Screening Incl. Ground Att. over Barrier | Screening | Incl. Ground Att. over Barrier |
| Dz with limit (20/25) | | Dz with limit (20/25) |
| Barrier Coefficients C1,2,3 3.0 20.0 0.0 | Barrier Coefficients C1,2,3 | 3.0 20.0 0.0 |
| Temperature (#(Unit,TEMP)) 10 | Temperature (#(Unit,TEMP)) | 10 |
| rel. Humidity (%) 70 | rel. Humidity (%) | 70 |
| Ground Absorption G 0.50 | Ground Absorption G | 0.50 |
| Wind Speed for Dir. (#(Unit,SPEED)) 3.0 | Wind Speed for Dir. (#(Unit,SPEED)) | 3.0 |
| Roads (TNM) | Roads (TNM) | |
| Railways (FTA/FRA) | Railways (FTA/FRA) | |
| Aircraft (???) | Aircraft (???) | |
| Strictly acc. to AzB | Strictly acc. to AzB | |

Receiver Noise Levels

| Name | M. | ID | | Level Lr | | Lir | nit. Val | ue | | Land | Use | Height | | C | oordinates | |
|------|----|----|-------|----------|-------|-------|----------|-------|------|------|------------|--------|---|------------|------------|------|
| | | | Day | Night | CNEL | Day | Night | CNEL | Туре | Auto | Noise Type | | | Х | Y | Z |
| | | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | | | | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |
| R1 | | R1 | 36.1 | 31.5 | 38.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | x | Total | 5.00 | r | 6069408.52 | 2187818.22 | 5.00 |
| R2 | | R2 | 57.2 | 35.2 | 54.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | x | Total | 5.00 | r | 6069020.30 | 2187524.66 | 5.00 |
| R3 | | R3 | 38.7 | 23.5 | 36.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | x | Total | 5.00 | r | 6068211.67 | 2187042.22 | 5.00 |
| R4 | | R4 | 38.7 | 29.8 | 38.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | х | Total | 5.00 | r | 6069046.70 | 2187811.88 | 5.00 |

Point Source(s)

| Name | М. | ID | R | esult. PW | Ľ | | Lw/L | i | Op | erating Ti | me | Heigh | t | C | oordinates | |
|-------|----|-------|-------|-----------|-------|------|-------|-------|--------|------------|--------|-------|---|------------|------------|-------|
| | | | Day | Evening | Night | Туре | Value | norm. | Day | Special | Night | | | Х | Y | Z |
| | | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | | | dB(A) | (min) | (min) | (min) | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |
| AC001 | | AC001 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069175.55 | 2187645.58 | 67.50 |
| AC002 | | AC002 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069116.20 | 2187696.58 | 67.50 |
| AC003 | | AC003 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069184.99 | 2187613.01 | 67.50 |
| AC004 | | AC004 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069123.45 | 2187740.85 | 67.50 |
| AC005 | | AC005 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069155.35 | 2187777.63 | 67.50 |
| AC006 | | AC006 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069184.10 | 2187811.60 | 67.50 |
| AC007 | | AC007 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069166.85 | 2187791.20 | 67.50 |
| AC008 | | AC008 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069143.74 | 2187764.29 | 67.50 |
| AC009 | | AC009 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069187.14 | 2187814.85 | 67.50 |
| AC010 | | AC010 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069120.52 | 2187737.48 | 67.50 |
| AC011 | | AC011 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069137.88 | 2187757.67 | 67.50 |
| AC012 | | AC012 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069152.20 | 2187774.16 | 67.50 |
| AC013 | | AC013 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069126.27 | 2187744.32 | 67.50 |
| AC014 | | AC014 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069135.06 | 2187754.09 | 67.50 |
| AC015 | | AC015 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069106.09 | 2187720.67 | 67.50 |
| AC016 | | AC016 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069181.28 | 2187808.23 | 67.50 |

| Name AC017 AC018 AC019 AC020 AC021 | M. | ID | Day | esult. PW Evening | | | Lw/L | | Ope | erating T | | Height | | , U | oordinates | 1 |
|--|----|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--------|----------|-------|------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| AC018 AC019 AC020 | | | | | Night | Type | Value | norm. | Day | Special | Night | | | х | Y | Z |
| AC018 AC019 AC020 | | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | . 1 PC | ·aide | dB(A) | (min) | (min) | (min) | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |
| AC019 AC020 | | AC017 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | , | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069094.69 | 2187706.89 | 67.50 |
| AC020 | | AC018 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069189.96 | 2187818.32 | 67.50 |
| | | AC019 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069117.59 | 2187734.01 | 67.50 |
| AC021 | | AC020 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069161.21 | 2187784.69 | 67.50 |
| | | AC021 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069140.70 | 2187761.03 | 67.50 |
| AC022 | | AC022 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069129.20 | 2187747.36 | 67.50 |
| AC023 | | AC023 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069114.77 | 2187730.65 | 67.50 |
| AC024 | | AC024 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069195.71 | 2187824.83 | 67.50 |
| AC025 | | AC025 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069109.12 | 2187723.92 | 67.50 |
| AC026 | _ | AC026 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069169.67 | 2187794.56 | 67.50 |
| AC027 | | AC027 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069091.65 | 2187703.74 | 67.50 |
| AC028 | _ | AC028 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw . | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069198.64 | 2187828.20 | 67.50 |
| AC029 | _ | AC029 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069178.35 | 2187804.76 | 67.50 |
| AC030 | _ | AC030 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069163.92 | 2187787.72 | 67.50 |
| AC031 AC032 | _ | AC031 AC032 | 75.0 75.0 | 75.0 75.0 | 75.0 75.0 | Lw | 75 75 | | 675.00 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 275.00 | 3.00 3.00 | g | 6069193.00 6069158.06 | 2187821.47 2187781.10 | 67.50 67.50 |
| AC032 AC033 | _ | AC032 AC033 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069149.60 | 2187781.10 | 67.50 |
| AC033 | | AC033 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g g | 6069172.71 | 2187798.14 | 67.50 |
| AC034 AC035 | - | AC034 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | LW | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069132.34 | 2187750.83 | 67.50 |
| AC036 | _ | AC036 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | в g | 6069103.48 | 2187716.98 | 67.50 |
| AC037 | | AC037 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | в g | 6069201.57 | 2187831.56 | 67.50 |
| AC038 | | AC038 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | в | 6069146.67 | 2187767.76 | 67.50 |
| AC039 | | AC039 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069175.42 | 2187801.29 | 67.50 |
| AC040 | | AC040 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069086.12 | 2187696.90 | 67.50 |
| AC041 | | AC041 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069088.83 | 2187700.16 | 67.50 |
| AC042 | | AC042 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069111.94 | 2187727.18 | 67.50 |
| AC043 | | AC043 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069204.70 | 2187834.97 | 67.50 |
| AC044 | | AC044 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069296.88 | 2187751.27 | 67.50 |
| AC045 | | AC045 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069256.52 | 2187704.39 | 67.50 |
| AC046 | | AC046 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069247.51 | 2187693.87 | 67.50 |
| AC047 | | AC047 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069250.66 | 2187697.34 | 67.50 |
| AC048 | | AC048 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069291.02 | 2187744.54 | 67.50 |
| AC049 | | AC049 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069212.90 | 2187653.72 | 67.50 |
| AC050 | | AC050 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069233.19 | 2187677.37 | 67.50 |
| AC051 | _ | AC051 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069236.01 | 2187680.74 | 67.50 |
| AC052 | | AC052 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069268.02 | 2187717.85 | 67.50 |
| AC053 | _ | AC053 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069207.26 | 2187646.88 | 67.50 |
| AC054 | _ | AC054 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069215.83 | 2187657.19 | 67.50 |
| AC055 AC056 | _ | AC055 AC056 | 75.0 75.0 | 75.0 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 75 | | 675.00 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 275.00 | 3.00 3.00 | g | 6069293.95 6069253.37 | 2187747.90 2187700.81 | 67.50 67.50 |
| AC056 AC057 | _ | AC056 AC057 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069255.57 | 2187/00.81 | 67.50 |
| AC057 | _ | AC057 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g g | 6069285.27 | 2187030.33 | 67.50 |
| AC059 | | AC059 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | в | 6069203.27 | 2187643.63 | 67.50 |
| AC060 | | AC060 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069282.45 | 2187734.56 | 67.50 |
| AC061 | | AC061 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069181.43 | 2187616.61 | 67.50 |
| AC062 | | AC062 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069276.59 | 2187727.94 | 67.50 |
| AC063 | | AC063 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069259.23 | 2187707.43 | 67.50 |
| AC064 | | AC064 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | | 6069186.97 | 2187623.44 | 67.50 |
| AC065 | | AC065 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069262.16 | 2187710.90 | 67.50 |
| AC066 | | AC066 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069273.66 | 2187724.46 | 67.50 |
| AC067 | | AC067 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069198.79 | 2187636.68 | 67.50 |
| AC068 | | AC068 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069184.15 | 2187619.86 | 67.50 |
| AC069 | | AC069 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069244.91 | 2187690.83 | 67.50 |
| AC070 | | AC070 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069221.58 | 2187664.03 | 67.50 |
| AC071 | | AC071 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069227.66 | 2187670.54 | 67.50 |
| AC072 | | AC072 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | - | 6069218.76 | 2187660.55 | 67.50 |
| AC073 | | AC073 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | - | 6069224.51 | 2187667.06 | 67.50 |
| AC074 | | AC074 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069288.31 | 2187741.17 | 67.50 |
| AC075 | | AC075 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069190.00 | 2187626.59 | 67.50 |
| AC076 | | AC076 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069239.05 | 2187683.99 | 67.50 |
| AC077 | | AC077 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069201.40 | 2187640.37 | 67.50 |
| AC078 | | AC078 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | g | 6069270.73 | 2187720.99 | 67.50 |
| AC079 | | AC079 | 75.0 | 75.0 75.0 | 75.0 75.0 | Lw | 75 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | | 6069264.98 | 2187714.26 | 67.50 |
| AC080 AC081 | | AC080 AC081 | 75.0 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | Lw | 75 75 | | 675.00 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 275.00 | 3.00 3.00 | - | 6069279.41 6069241.98 | 2187731.30 2187687.46 | 67.50 67.50 |
| AC081 AC082 | | AC081 AC082 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | LW | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | | 6069230.37 | 2187673.79 | 67.50 |
| AC082 AC083 | | AC082 AC083 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | LW | 75 | | 675.00 | 0.00 | 275.00 | 3.00 | - | 6069299.37 | 2187673.79 | 67.50 |
| Pool1 | | Pool1 | 80.3 | 80.3 | 80.3 | LW | 80.3 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | g | 6069158.45 | 2187754.44 | 26.00 |
| Pool2 | | Pool2 | 80.3 | 80.3 | 80.3 | Lw | 80.3 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | | 6069187.96 | 2187080.43 | 26.00 |
| Outdoor1 | | Outdoor1 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | Lw | 94.5 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | в g | 6069215.22 | 2187752.29 | 26.00 |
| Outdoor1 Outdoor2 | | Outdoor2 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | Lw | 94.5 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | в g | 6069167.13 | 2187717.92 | 26.00 |
| Outdoor2 Outdoor3 | | Outdoor2 Outdoor3 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | Lw | 94.5 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | в g | 6069189.87 | 2187698.99 | 26.00 |
| Outdoor4 | | Outdoor4 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | Lw | 94.5 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | g | 6069207.75 | 2187725.03 | 26.00 |
| Outdoor4 Outdoor5 | | Outdoor5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | Lw | 94.5 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | g | 6069188.83 | 2187723.05 | 26.00 |
| Outdoor6 | | Outdoor6 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | Lw | 94.5 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | r | 6069148.19 | 2187612.80 | 5.00 |
| Outdoor7 | | Outdoor7 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | Lw | 94.5 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | r | 6069133.00 | 2187625.90 | 5.00 |
| | | Outdoor8 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | Lw | 94.5 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | r | 6069114.68 | 2187607.33 | 5.00 |

| Name | M. | ID | R | esult. PW | Ľ | | Lw/L | i | Ope | erating Ti | me | Heigh | t | C | oordinates | |
|----------|----|----------|-------|-----------|-------|------|-------|-------|--------|------------|--------|-------|---|------------|------------|------|
| | | | Day | Evening | Night | Туре | Value | norm. | Day | Special | Night | | | Х | Y | Z |
| | | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | | | dB(A) | (min) | (min) | (min) | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |
| Outdoor9 | | Outdoor9 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.5 | Lw | 94.5 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.00 | r | 6069132.48 | 2187591.53 | 5.00 |
| Parking1 | | Parking1 | 76.3 | 76.3 | 76.3 | Lw | 76.3 | | 900.00 | 0.00 | 540.00 | 5.00 | r | 6069131.43 | 2187561.46 | 5.00 |

Line Source(s)

| [| Name | М. | ID | R | esult. PW | 'L | R | esult. PW | L' | | Lw/L | i | Оре | erating Ti | me | | Moving | Pt. Src | | Height |
|---|------|----|----|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-----|---------|---------|-------|--------|
| | | | | Day | Evening | Night | Day | Evening | Night | Туре | Value | norm. | Day | Special | Night | | Number | | Speed | |
| | | | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | | | dB(A) | (min) | (min) | (min) | Day | Evening | Night | (mph) | (ft) |

| N | lame | ID | Н | eight | | Coordina | tes | |
|---|------|----|-------|-------|------|----------|------|--------|
| | | | Begin | End | x | У | z | Ground |
| | | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |

Area Source(s)

| Name | М. | ID | R | esult. PW | /L | Re | esult. PW | L'' | | Lw / L | i | Op | erating Ti | me | Height |
|------|----|----|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-----------|---------|------|--------|-------|-------|------------|-------|--------|
| | | | Day | Evening | Night | Day | Evening | Night | Туре | Value | norm. | Day | Special | Night | (ft) |
| | | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | | | dB(A) | (min) | (min) | (min) | |
| Name | ID | | Hei | ght | | | Coor | dinates | | | | | | | |
| | | В | legin | End | | х | y y | | z | Grou | und | | | | |
| | | (1 | ft) | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft | -) | | | | |

Barrier(s)

| Name | Sel. | М. | ID | Abso | rption | Z-Ext. | Canti | lever | Hei | ght | | Coordinat | tes | |
|------|------|----|----|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|-----------|------|--------|
| | | | | left | right | | horz. | vert. | Begin | End | х | У | z | Ground |
| | | | | | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |

Building(s)

| Name | Sel. | М. | ID | RB | Residents | Absorption | Height | 1 | | Coordinat | es | |
|----------|------|----|---------------|----|-----------|------------|--------|---|------------|------------|-------|--------|
| | | | | | | | Begin | | х | У | z | Ground |
| | | | | | | | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |
| BUILDING | | | BUILDING00001 | x | 0 | | 21.00 | a | 6069176.60 | 2187874.04 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069217.54 | 2187838.27 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069218.23 | 2187839.04 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069235.52 | 2187824.45 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069234.90 | 2187823.55 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069247.75 | 2187812.79 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069249.27 | 2187814.52 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069271.67 | 2187795.37 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069269.74 | 2187793.08 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069274.79 | 2187788.70 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069275.21 | 2187789.28 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069283.23 | 2187782.66 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069283.70 | 2187783.24 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069301.04 | 2187768.44 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069300.11 | 2187767.14 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069309.38 | 2187759.28 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069306.88 | 2187756.20 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069338.78 | 2187728.77 | 21.00 | 0.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069316.67 | 2187702.93 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069315.70 | 2187703.81 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069274.94 | 2187656.47 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069275.72 | 2187655.89 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069236.56 | 2187610.36 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069235.80 | 2187611.09 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069180.62 | 2187546.05 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069169.93 | 2187555.08 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069171.54 | 2187557.01 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069141.65 | 2187582.22 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069169.56 | 2187614.81 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069148.33 | 2187632.95 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069146.16 | 2187630.35 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069138.26 | 2187637.12 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069131.36 | 2187629.18 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069123.07 | 2187636.30 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069117.99 | 2187630.22 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069109.44 | 2187637.34 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069114.74 | 2187643.33 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069106.29 | 2187650.41 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | F | 6069113.37 | 2187658.39 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069105.29 | 2187665.03 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | F | 6069107.51 | 2187667.73 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | F | | 2187689.88 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 2187688.58 | 21.00 | 0.00 |

| Name | Sel. | M. | ID | RB | Residents | Absorption | Height | : | | Coordinat | es | |
|----------|------|-----------|---------------|----------|-----------|------------|--------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | | | Begin | | х | У | z | Ground |
| | | | | | | | (ft) | Γ | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |
| | - | | | | | | () | | 6069053.94 | 2187710.80 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | 6069054.62 | 2187711.61 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069045.56 | | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069088.44 | 2187770.01 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069087.71 | 2187770.66 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069104.22 | 2187789.98 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069104 97 | 2187789.36 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | 6069121.49 | 2187808.84 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069120.88 | | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069137.41 | 2187828.57 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069162.09 | 2187857.43 | 21.00 | 0.00 |
| BUILDING | | | BUILDING00002 | x | 0 | | 43.50 | g | 6069182.54 | 2187866.88 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069220.08 | 2187835.25 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | 6069213.48 | | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | 2187817.75 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069231.33 | 2187825.74 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069247.75 | 2187812.79 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| T | | | | L | | | | ΓĪ | 6069249.27 | 2187814.52 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069271.67 | 2187795.37 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | \square | | 2187793.08 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | $\left \right $ | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | $\left \right $ | 6069285.62 | 2187779.52 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069279.02 | 2187771.54 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069290.31 | 2187761.99 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069296.73 | 2187769.80 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069309.38 | 2187759.28 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069305.76 | | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | \vdash | | <u> </u> | | | | \square | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | | 6069327.37 | 2187737.34 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069307.23 | 2187713.90 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069316.35 | 2187706.43 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069273.99 | 2187657.30 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069265.92 | 2187664.07 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 2187618.50 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | 2187611.64 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069195.00 | 2187565.29 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069155.75 | 2187598.69 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069169.56 | 2187614.81 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069143.09 | 2187637.60 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069159.40 | 2187656.43 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | - | | | - | | | | | 6069161.84 | 2187654.35 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | 6069169.04 | 2187662.77 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069174.68 | 2187658.08 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069189.53 | 2187675.36 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069184.40 | 2187679.70 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069208.45 | 2187707.65 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069213.31 | 2187703.74 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | 6069228.50 | | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | 6069222.17 | 2187726.75 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069244.91 | 2187753.48 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069239.87 | 2187758.08 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | Π | 6069246.38 | 2187765.72 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069223.64 | 2187784.91 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | \square | 6069217.04 | 2187777.61 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | \square | | - | | | | \vdash | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | 2187781.69 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | 2187755.30 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069182.50 | 2187760.34 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069167.48 | 2187742.63 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | Π | 6069172.34 | 2187738.38 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069148.29 | 2187710.51 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | \square | | <u> </u> | | | | \vdash | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | $\left \right $ | 6069143.17 | 2187714.68 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | 6069128.33 | 2187697.23 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069134.06 | 2187692.72 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069126.42 | 2187683.78 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069128.94 | 2187681.95 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069112.96 | | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | $\left \right $ | 6069082.16 | 2187689.08 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | - | | | | | 6069082.57 | | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069077.43 | 2187693.86 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | L | 6069082.64 | 2187700.04 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069064.76 | 2187715.46 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | \square | | 2187708.93 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | \square | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | L | 6069049.93 | 2187717.13 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069049.22 | 2187716.22 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069049.22 6069045.56 | 2187716.22 2187719.34 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069045.56 6069089.97 | 2187719.34 2187770.79 | 64.50 64.50 64.50 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | 6069045.56 | 2187719.34 | 64.50 64.50 | 0.00 |

| Name | Sel. | М. | ID | RB | Residents | Absorption | Height | | Coordinat | es | |
|------|------|----|----|----|-----------|------------|--------|------------|------------|-------|--------|
| | | | | | | | Begin | х | У | z | Ground |
| | | | | | | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |
| | | | | | | | | 6069122.99 | 2187809.39 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | 6069127.57 | 2187805.48 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | 6069142.52 | 2187822.83 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | 6069138.04 | 2187826.52 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | 6069164.84 | 2187858.03 | 64.50 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | 6069170.67 | 2187852.87 | 64.50 | 0.00 |

Ground Absorption(s)

| Name | Sel. | М. | ID | G | Coord | inates |
|------|------|----|----|---|-------|--------|
| | | | | | х | У |
| | | | | | (ft) | (ft) |

APPENDIX 8.1:

CONSTRUCTION NOISE LEVEL CALCULATIONS

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15418 - 1401 Quail Street

CadnaA Noise Prediction Model: 15418-02_Construction.cna Date: 18.06.23 Analyst: B. Maddux

Calculation Configuration

| ParameterValueGeneral | Configurat | ion |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Max. Error (dB) 0.00 Max. Search Radius (#(Unit,LEN)) 2000.01 Min. Dist Src to Rcvr 0.00 Partition | Parameter | Value |
| Max. Search Radius (#(Unit,LEN)) 2000.01 Min. Dist Src to Rcvr 0.00 Partition | General | |
| Min. Dist Src to Rcvr 0.00 Partition 0.50 Raster Factor 0.50 Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) 999.99 Min. Length of Section (%(Unit,LEN)) 1.01 Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time 0.00 Paytime Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 5tandard Height (m) Standard Height (m) 0.00 | Max. Error (dB) | 0.00 |
| Partition 0.50 Raster Factor 0.50 Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) 999.99 Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time 0.00 Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation | Max. Search Radius (#(Unit,LEN)) | 2000.01 |
| Raster Factor 0.50 Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) 999.99 Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time 0.00 Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation | Min. Dist Src to Rcvr | 0.00 |
| Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) 999.99 Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time 0.00 Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 5.00 DTM 0.00 Standard Height (m) 0.00 | Partition | |
| Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) 1.01 Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time 0.00 Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 5tandard Height (m) Model of Terrain Triangulation | Raster Factor | 0.50 |
| Min. Length of Section (%) 0.00 Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time Daytime Penalty (dB) Daytime Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM Standard Height (m) Ox00 Model of Terrain | Max. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) | 999.99 |
| Proj. Line Sources On Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time Daytime Penalty (dB) Daytime Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM Standard Height (m) Ox00 Model of Terrain | Min. Length of Section (#(Unit,LEN)) | 1.01 |
| Proj. Area Sources On Ref. Time Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM Standard Height (m) Standard Height (m) 0.00 | Min. Length of Section (%) | 0.00 |
| Ref. Time Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM Standard Height (m) Okodel of Terrain Triangulation | Proj. Line Sources | On |
| Daytime Penalty (dB) 0.00 Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 5tandard Height (m) Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation | Proj. Area Sources | On |
| Recr. Time Penalty (dB) 5.00 Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 5tandard Height (m) Okodel of Terrain Triangulation | Ref. Time | |
| Night-time Penalty (dB) 10.00 DTM 0.00 Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation | Daytime Penalty (dB) | 0.00 |
| DTM 0.00 Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation | Recr. Time Penalty (dB) | 5.00 |
| Standard Height (m) 0.00 Model of Terrain Triangulation | Night-time Penalty (dB) | 10.00 |
| Model of Terrain Triangulation | DTM | |
| | Standard Height (m) | 0.00 |
| | Model of Terrain | Triangulation |
| Reflection | Reflection | |
| max. Order of Reflection 2 | max. Order of Reflection | 2 |
| Search Radius Src 100.00 | Search Radius Src | 100.00 |
| Search Radius Rcvr 100.00 | Search Radius Rcvr | 100.00 |
| Max. Distance Source - Rcvr 1000.00 1000.00 | Max. Distance Source - Rcvr | 1000.00 1000.00 |
| Min. Distance Rvcr - Reflector 1.00 1.00 | Min. Distance Rvcr - Reflector | 1.00 1.00 |
| Min. Distance Source - Reflector 0.10 | Min. Distance Source - Reflector | 0.10 |
| Industrial (ISO 9613) | Industrial (ISO 9613) | |
| Lateral Diffraction some Obj | Lateral Diffraction | some Obj |
| Obst. within Area Src do not shield On | Obst. within Area Src do not shield | On |
| Screening Incl. Ground Att. over Barrier | Screening | Incl. Ground Att. over Barrier |
| Dz with limit (20/25) | | Dz with limit (20/25) |
| Barrier Coefficients C1,2,3 3.0 20.0 0.0 | Barrier Coefficients C1,2,3 | 3.0 20.0 0.0 |
| Temperature (#(Unit,TEMP)) 10 | Temperature (#(Unit,TEMP)) | 10 |
| rel. Humidity (%) 70 | rel. Humidity (%) | 70 |
| Ground Absorption G 0.50 | Ground Absorption G | 0.50 |
| Wind Speed for Dir. (#(Unit,SPEED)) 3.0 | Wind Speed for Dir. (#(Unit,SPEED)) | 3.0 |
| Roads (TNM) | Roads (TNM) | |
| Railways (FTA/FRA) | Railways (FTA/FRA) | |
| Aircraft (???) | Aircraft (???) | |
| Strictly acc. to AzB | Strictly acc. to AzB | |

Receiver Noise Levels

| Name | М. | ID | | Level Lr | | Lir | nit. Valı | Je | Land Use | | | Height | | Coordinates | | | |
|------|----|-------------------|------|----------|-------|-------|-----------|------|----------|------|------------|--------|------|-------------|------------|------|--|
| | | | Day | Night | CNEL | Day | Night | CNEL | Туре | Auto | Noise Type | | | х | Y | Z | |
| | | (dBA) (dBA) (dBA) | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | | | | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | | | |
| R1 | | R1 | 66.9 | -33.1 | 63.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | х | Total | 5.00 | r | 6069408.52 | 2187818.22 | 5.00 | |
| R2 | | R2 | 70.3 | -29.7 | 67.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | х | Total | 5.00 | r | 6069020.30 | 2187524.66 | 5.00 | |
| R3 | | R3 | 53.1 | -46.9 | 50.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | х | Total | 5.00 | r | 6068211.67 | 2187042.22 | 5.00 | |
| R4 | | R4 | 71.5 | -28.5 | 68.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | х | Total | 5.00 | r | 6069046.70 | 2187811.88 | 5.00 | |

Point Source(s)

| | | | | (- <i>1</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|----|----|-------|-------------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|---|------|------------|------|
| Name | М. | ID | R | esult. PW | /L | | Lw/L | i | Op | erating Ti | ime | Heigh | t | C | oordinates | |
| | | | Day | Evening | Night | Туре | Value | norm. | Day | Special | Night | | | х | Y | Z |
| | | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | | | dB(A) | (min) | (min) | (min) | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |

Line Source(s)

| | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------|--|-------|--------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|------|----------------|-------|-------|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|-------|------|
| Name | ame M. ID Result. PWL | | /L | Result. PWL' | | | Lw / Li | | | Operating Time | | | | Moving | Pt. Src | | Height | | |
| | | | Day | Evening | Night | Day | Evening | Night | Туре | Value | norm. | Day | Special | Night | | Number | | Speed | |
| | | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | | | dB(A) | (min) | (min) | (min) | Day | Evening | Night | (mph) | (ft) |

| | Name | ID | He | eight | | Coordinates | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|----|-------|-------|--|-------------|------|------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Begin | End | | х | У | z | Ground | | | | | |
| Γ | | | (ft) | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | | | | | |

Area Source(s)

| Name | M. | ID | R | Result. PWL | | | esult. PWI | L" | I | .w/Li | | Ор | me | Heigh | t | |
|--------------|----|-------------------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|------|---|
| | | | Day | Evening | Night | Day | Evening | Night | Туре | Value | norm. | Day | Special | Night | (ft) | |
| | | | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | (dBA) | | | dB(A) | (min) | (min) | (min) | | |
| SITEBOUNDARY | | SITEBOUNDARY00001 | 116.0 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 77.6 | -22.4 | -22.4 | PWL-Pt | 116. | | | | | 8 | a |

| Name | ID | ŀ | lei | ght | | Coordinat | es | |
|--------------|-------------------|-------|-----|------|------------|------------|------|--------|
| | | Begin | | End | х | У | z | Ground |
| | | (ft) | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |
| SITEBOUNDARY | SITEBOUNDARY00001 | 8.00 | a | | 6069148.34 | 2187494.04 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6068968.52 | 2187645.35 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6069175.82 | 2187886.90 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6069342.75 | 2187743.60 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6069346.06 | 2187739.58 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6069347.14 | 2187737.20 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6069347.79 | 2187734.67 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6069347.99 | 2187732.07 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6069347.74 | 2187729.47 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6069347.04 | 2187726.95 | 8.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | 6069344.39 | 2187722.47 | 8.00 | 0.00 |

Barrier(s)

| [| Name | Sel. | М. | ID | Abso | rption | Z-Ext. | Canti | Cantilever | | ght | | Coordinat | es | |
|---|------|------|----|----|------|--------|--------|-------|------------|-------|------|------|-----------|------|--------|
| | | | | | left | right | | horz. | vert. | Begin | End | х | у | z | Ground |
| | | | | | | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |

Building(s)

| Name | Sel. | М. | ID | RB | Residents | Absorption | Height | | Coordinat | es | |
|------|------|----|----|----|-----------|------------|--------|------|-----------|------|--------|
| | | | | | | | Begin | х | У | z | Ground |
| | | | | | | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |

Ground Absorption(s)

| Name | Sel. | М. | ID | G | Coord | inates | |
|------|------|----|----|---|-------|--------|---|
| | | | | | х | у | |
| | | | | | (ft) | (ft) | 1 |

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